COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Sun rises today, 7:08; sets, 4:44. Mean temperature yesterday, 28. Weather today, generally fair. Sunshine yesterday, 89 per cent of possible.

NO. 12,197 42ND YEAR — COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1914 — PRICE FIVE CENTS

MINE GUARDS CONDEMNED BY SEC. WILSON

Much of Strife in Colorado Coal Fields Was Due to This System, He Says

IMMIGRATION ON INCREASE

Holds That Labor Has Right to Organize for Its Own Protection

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Protest against the use of firearms and the employment of armed guards and private detectives in labor disputes and strikes was made by Secretary W. B. Wilson of the department of labor, in his first annual report submitted today to President Wilson. He recommends that congress enact legislation within its constitutional limitations to regulate this business in the interest of public peace and order."

The use of firearms," said Secretary Wilson, "is a species of private warfare in connection with labor strikes which calls for serious consideration. Groups of men on both sides, without military or police authority for it, have used firearms with fatal effect in the local strike in southern Colorado. These guns and the ammunition have doubtless been procured through interstate commerce; and many of the armed men are said to have been imported into Colorado from other states through a business concern engaged commercially across state lines in supplying corporations with an armed and trained private soldiery or police in numbers running into hundreds and even thousands.

Michigan Strike.

In connection with the Pere Marquette strike in Michigan, armed guards, furnished by agencies in other states supplying men to take the place of local strikers, accompanied these men to Grand Rapids. They were there turned back by the United States marshal under instructions from the district judge. In the Calumet mining region, armed guards under [illegible] the employ [illegible] were [illegible] to the locality by agencies in other states."

On relations of capital and labor, Secretary Wilson takes advanced ground. "The relation of employer and wage earner," says he, "is no longer personal or individual," because both employers and operatives act in groups. "It is obvious," the report says, "that this method of employment, generally necessary for success in modern industry, may give to employers great contractual advantages over wage earners. Unless wage earners also act collectively through their own agents, they are often at a practical disadvantage.

Employer and Labor Agent.

"Employers who act collectively in hiring wage earners are often averse to dealing with agents of wage earners who collectively offer their services. They desire to contract with wage earners individually. It is upon this point that labor disputes frequently spring up and become acute. In most instances in which employers accord workmen practical recognition of the right of collective bargaining which

(Continued on Page Three.)

BRITISH-AMERICAN TREATY DISCUSSED

Peace Plan May Be Incorporated in Proposed Conventions

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, had a long conference with Secretary Bryan today regarding the formulation of a peace treaty between the United States and Great Britain, similar to those the secretary already has negotiated with 11 countries, six of which have actually signed the convention.

Great Britain has approved Mr. Bryan's plan in principle. It is not regarded as probable, however, that the provision for stopping the development of armament for a year, while international commissions of inquiry are at work, would be included in a British-American peace convention.

Rumors that Sir Cecil contemplates withdrawing from the Washington embassy on account of the state of his health were said today to be without foundation. The ambassador has now almost completely recovered from the illness which afflicted him last summer and fall. He has taken up the full quota of his work at the embassy, has had several important conferences with the secretary of state and is said to have found his post exceedingly agreeable.

SHEEP, BURIED IN SNOW, LIVES 29 DAYS ON WOOL

Caught Under Deep Drift, It Keeps Alive When Other Imprisoned Animals Die.

After being buried beneath a snow drift for 29 days, a sheep has been found alive on a ranch about 15 miles east of town, which is owned by R. L. Lackey of Ivywild. During its imprisonment the animal kept alive by eating wool from other sheep buried with it. Only one animal was taken out alive, and when a way was opened it was able to walk to the fold.

The sheep which survived was 5 years old, and seemed no hardier than the others. From his flock of 3,000 sheep, Lackey lost a great number in the big snow storm of December. Only recently have the ranch hands been able to locate the dead animals, so deep was the snow. Recent melting, however, has exposed many of the carcasses and made their removal necessary. The place where the live sheep was found was at the bottom of a draw, where the snow had drifted to a depth of nearly 20 feet. Dozens of sheep had gathered in this hollow for protection, and there met their fate.

Sentenced to Idleness for Month; Gets Drunk When He Has Job, Charge

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—As long as Carl Larson was idle and lived at home on his wife's income, he was a sober and desirable husband. Mrs. Larson testified in court today to this effect. As soon as he got a job and earned some money for himself, he promptly got drunk, she said.

Municipal Judge Sabath sentenced Larson to refrain from working on probation for one month. Then he is to report to the court and if Mrs. Larson is satisfied, he will be sentenced to a longer term of idleness.

TRAIL OF CRIME ENDS ON COAST

CHECK FORGERIES NET MAN $40,000

Confesses to Series of Law Violations; Says Marriage Proved Downfall

AUBURN, Cal., Feb. 3. Check forgeries netting $40,000, three train robberies, some profitable confidence games in Los Angeles, and general criminal operations reaching into 24 counties of this state, were admitted here tonight by Jean La Bonta, a man of many aliases, who was arrested on a minor charge last week.

La Bonta's criminal record trails all the way from New York, and he seems to have had what he considers a good time, except that he regrets his marriage in San Francisco.

"That was the meanest thing I ever did," he said, and refused to name the girl. The confession cleared, to the comfort of the authorities, mystery surrounding three mail car robberies—one between Burlinggame and San Francisco, October 14; another between San Francisco and San Jose, November 17, and a third between Los Angeles and Burbank, January 12.

How He Robbed Trains.

In each instance the mail clerks were forced to put their heads in mail sacks while the robber drew the strings, bonnetwise, under their chins. Not much money was obtained in any of the robberies, but their peculiarity excited interest. Commenting on the forged check passed on a local bank, which led to his arrest, La Bonta observed:

"The banks of California are easy. If I had another year of liberty I could double that $40,000."

His method, he explained, was to take lodgings as a workman and get his landlord to cash what he presented as his pay check.

In Los Angeles, he said, he "beat some boobs out of $4,000."

"They were easy," he added, "but I'm glad I'm not going there for trial."

Under the name of Kaufman, La Bonta is credited with various crimes in Nevada.

Married Woman Barber.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—Clyde Kaufman, alias Jean La Bonta, alias R. Manning, Frank Kaufman, or J. C. Donnelly—the man arrested at Auburn today was picked up in the local records as having married Edna [illegible] a Vancouver, B. C., waitress, [illegible] January 19.

Other identification was that La Bonta served two years in San Quentin penitentiary for grand larceny, being released in December, 1912, and the postal authorities said he served sentences in Sing Sing and Lansing, Mich., penitentiaries.

AVIATOR STAYS IN AIR 14 HOURS AND 7 MINUTES

JOHANNISTHAL, Feb. 3.—Bruno Langer, an aviator, today broke the world's record for an endurance flight. He remained in the air for 14 hours and seven minutes.

The best previous endurance record was made by the French aviator, Fourny, who, in September, 1912, covered 620 miles in 12 hours and 18 minutes without a stop.

CONGRESSMAN BREMNER IS NEAR DEATH'S DOOR

BALTIMORE, Feb. 3.—Congressman Bremner of New Jersey was reported to be sinking rapidly at midnight tonight. His death was expected by physicians before morning. He is suffering from a cancer.

HOBSON TO LOSE PAY WHILE CAMPAIGNING

Demand Presented That Deduction Be Made From His Salary

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—A mild flurry among members of the house followed the filing of a formal demand today by W. H. Parker of Birmingham, Ala., that Representative Richard Pearson Hobson be denied his salary as a congressman during days he has been absent from his seat while campaigning against Majority Leader Underwood.

Parker in an affidavit alleged that Representative Hobson was absent from January 19 to January 31 and protested against the payment of the salary due him for that time. The protest was filed with Sergeant-at-Arms Gordon, and all of the legal talent about the office is about work to find out the law on the subject. They have discovered a long forgotten law passed in 1855 and still on the statute books providing

The secretary of the senate and the sergeant-at-arms of the house, respectively, shall deduct from the monthly payments of each member or delegate the amount of salary for each day that he has been absent from the senate or house, respectively, unless such member or delegate assigns as reason for such absence the sickness of himself or some member of his family."

TAX DECISION WILL RELEASE STATE FUNDS

First and Second-Class Appropriations to Be Paid in Full

DENVER, Feb. 3. The final disposition of the tax issue in the supreme court today cleared the way for the payment of appropriations for 1914.

After a conference between State Auditor Kenehan and State Treasurer Leddy, it was announced that the first and second-class appropriations would be paid in full and 25 per cent of the third-class, which includes the principal state educational institutions, would be paid. The fourth-class appropriations would not be met.

The total appropriations for the third class passed at the last session of the legislature amounted to $384,929.80.

Of this amount $96,232.45 would be paid, the institutions receiving the following amounts:

Amounts for Schools.

State university, $37,500; agricultural college, $25,077.45; State Normal at Gunnison, $10,000; Normal at Greeley, $6,687.50; School for Deaf and Blind, $3,913.56; State Geologist, $2,155; horticultural board, $525; traveling library, $375.

The first-class appropriations include the salaries of state officials and employes and general expenses of the executive and legislative branches of the state government totaling $1,707,000 for 1913-14.

The second-class appropriations include the state institutions—penitentiary, reformatory and insane asylum, for which was appropriated $979,000.

The fourth-class includes the State Historical and Natural History society, for which was appropriated and never paid, $15,000.

The cost of maintaining the militia in the southern strike field now approximates $400,000, it is said, and certificates of indebtedness already audited amount to $185,000.

WOMEN ARE FINED FOR RIDING WOMAN ON RAIL

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Feb. 3.—Five women of Volo, Ill., accused of driving their neighbor, Mrs. John Richardson, out of the village by riding her on a rail, today were fined $100 each by Judge Charles Kersten. The [illegible] each in default of the money, during which time Judge Donnelly will consider the advisability of inflicting a jail sentence if the money is not forthcoming. They were unable to pay in court.

Mrs. Richardson is the wife of a crippled village storekeeper. She had been the subject of much village gossip. She was tried by a kitchen court of her neighbors six months ago, and apparently was convicted. The women visited her home late one night, ordered her from the village and, according to her story, placed her on a rail and rode her from her home.

In imposing sentence, Judge Donnelly censured the women severely. Their sex alone saved the defendants, he said, from the maximum penalty of $300 fine and six months in jail.

SUFFRAGE AGAIN IS TURNED DOWN IN HOUSE, 123-57

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—House Democrats at a caucus tonight went on record against the creation of a house committee on woman suffrage. By a vote of 123 to 57, the caucus adopted a resolution declaring this a state question and rejecting the Raker resolution to create the committee.

Of the 290 house Democrats, a few more than 100 attended the caucus, some voting "present" or not responding at all. Speaker Clark and Democratic Leader Underwood voted with the majority.

At the outset of the session, Representative Raker of California presented his resolution to creat a standing house committee on suffrage, declaring that the magnitude of the question demanded the action, and pointing out that the senate had such a committee. Then Representative Heflin of Alabama, target of attack for many months from the suffragists because of his opposition to their cause, offered and urged his substitute.

"It is the sense of this caucus that the question of suffrage is a state and not a federal question."

Representative Clarke of Florida moved the previous question shutting off debate and the substitute was adopted.

2-YEAR-OLD BOY SENT BY PARCEL POST FOR 18 CTS.

WELLINGTON, Kan., Feb. 3.—Mrs. E. H. Staley of this city received her 2-year-old nephew by parcel post today from his grandmother in Stratford, Okla., where he had been left for a visit three weeks ago. The boy wore a tag about his neck showing it had cost 18 cents to send him through the mails. He was transported 25 miles by rural route before reaching the railroad.

JAPANESE WAR SCARE LOOMS UP IN HOUSE

Representative Mann Counsels Sane Action on Proposed Immigration Bill

NO TIME TO PLAY POLITICS

Asiatic Exclusion Legislation Temporarily Quieted; Body in Uproar

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Asiatic exclusion agitation was quieted, temporarily at least, in the house today, after a heated debate that brought both Republican and Democratic leaders to the floor with pleas for calmness and deliberation. By overwhelming votes, the house stripped from the immigration bill under consideration all amendments which would have placed a bar against Asiatic immigration.

The action was taken after Republican Leader Mann, Representative Sherley of Kentucky and other leaders made a vigorous fight to overcome the sentiment which last night expressed itself by a vote of 111 to 90 in favor of the perfection of an amendment to exclude Mongolians, Malays and negroes. The speakers insisted there should be no hasty action that might embarrass the state department in its relations with Japan.

Much Excitement in House.

The house was surcharged with excitement when it met, and Representative Burnett, in charge of the immigration bill, forced the attendance of a quorum. The anti-Japanese forces rushed action, Representative Baker of California presenting a substitute for a pending drastic exclusion amendment presented by Representative Hayes. The debate became heated, the Californians differing as to details, but both manifesting certainty that

(Continued on Page Two.)

U. S. SENATE CONFIRMS O. W. WARD'S APPOINTMENT

Expected That New Postmaster Will Take Charge of Local Office in a Few Days.

President Wilson's nomination of O. W. Ward as postmaster of the Colorado Springs office has been confirmed by the United States senate. Mr. Ward received announcement of the confirmation yesterday morning in a telegram from Congressman H. H. Seldomridge.

Mr. Ward probably will take charge of the local office in about 10 days, relieving Alex J. Strachan. He first must execute a bond for $30,000, which has been forwarded to him for his signature. As soon as it is returned to the postmaster general, Mr. Ward's commission will be sent him.

No changes will be made in the working staff of the postoffice at present, according to Mr. Ward.

Unemployed Will Ask Congress for Industrial Reform

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Plans were formulated today at a largely attended meeting of the International Brotherhood Welfare Association to concentrate all the unemployed men and women in the United States in a movement to take to Washington a petition to congress that a legal remedy for the industrial conditions of unorganized labor be enacted.

While Jacob S. Coxey, leader of the "On to Washington" army of 1894, was present at the meeting, it was announced that present plans did not call for a march of unemployed men on the national capital. The scheme decided on today calls for a more formal arrangement, but it will not preclude any spontaneous movement to Washington that may arise with unemployed persons, it was said by the leaders.

To Meet in Chicago.

A call was drawn up to be sent to all cities in the country asking that all unemployed men and women organize parades on April 1 and march through the city in which they live. After the parades, the marchers are to select delegates to a national convention to be held in Chicago April 17.

The convention will consider the information furnished by the delegates and draw up a statement and a petition to congress asking for legislation that will make employment possible at all times of the year for all able-bodied persons who now are unemployed.

This petition will be taken to Washington by May 1, it is planned by a large committee. The bearers of the petition intend to go to the capital by train, instead of marching across country as Coxey's army did.

U. S. LIFTS EMBARGO ON ARMS; MEXICO NOW MUST SETTLE HER OWN AFFAIRS

Both Sides Can Obtain Munitions of War in This Country; Many Foresee Fall of Huerta as Result of Decree; Constitutionalists Rejoice

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3. President Wilson, by an executive order dated today and made public at the White house tonight, removed all restriction against the exportation of munitions of war into Mexico from the United States, placing the contending elements on a basis of equality with respect to the purchase of arms and supplies in this country.

The executive order emphasized that it was the desire of the United States to be in the same position of neutrality toward the contending factions in Mexico as were the other powers.

The text of the proclamation follows.

"Whereas, by a proclamation of the president, issued on March 14, 1912, under a joint resolution of congress approved by the president on the same day, it was declared that there existed in Mexico conditions of domestic violence which were promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States.

Result of Changed Conditions.

"And, whereas, by the joint resolution above mentioned, it thereupon became unlawful to export arms or munitions of war to Mexico except under such limitations and exceptions as the president should prescribe.

"Now therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, hereby declare and proclaim that, as the conditions on which the proclamation on March 14, 1912, was based, have essentially changed, and as it is desirable to place the United States with reference to the exportation of arms or munitions of war to Mexico in the same position as other powers, the said proclamation is hereby revoked."

Accompanying the order, the White house issued the following statement of explanation:

Action Explained.

"The executive order under which the exportation of arms and ammunition into Mexico is forbidden was a departure from the accepted practices of neutrality—a deliberate departure from these practices under a well considered joint resolution of congress—determined upon in circumstances which have now ceased to exist. It was intended to discourage incipient revolts against the regularly constituted authorities of Mexico. Since that order was issued, the circumstances of the case have undergone a radical change. There is now no constitutional government in Mexico; and the existence of this order hinders and delays the very thing the government of the United States is now insisting upon, namely, that Mexico shall be left free to settle her own affairs and as soon as possible put them upon a constitutional footing by her own force and counsel. The order is therefore, rescinded."

American embassies and legations abroad were instructed last Saturday to inform foreign governments of the above decision. Similarly Secretary Bryan late yesterday informed the members of the diplomatic corps here. This was in line with the policy announced at the beginning of the present administration of keeping the nations of the world informed of the developments in the Mexican policy of this government.

Administration Viewpoint.

The administration viewpoint on the action taken today, as gathered from those familiar with the president's attitude, may be summed up as follows:

"No one outside Mexico can now accommodate her affairs. The withdrawal of all moral or material support from without is the indispensable first step to a solution from within. From many sources, which it deems trustworthy, the government of the United States has received information which convinces it that there is a more hopeful prospect of peace, of the security of property, and of the early payment of foreign obligations if Mexico is left to the forces now reckoning with one another there than there would be if anything like a mere change of personnel were effected at Mexico City.

"There are no influences at Mexico City that can be counted on to do anything more than to perpetuate and strengthen the selfish oligarchical and military interests which it is clear the rest of the country can be made to endure only by constant warfare and a pitiless harrying of the north. The president is so fully convinced of this, that after months of careful study of the situation at close range, he no longer feels justified in maintaining an irregular position as regards the contending parties in the matter of neutrality.

Must Settle Own Issues.

"The intent is, therefore, to remove the inhibition on the exportation of arms and ammunition to Mexico from the United States. Settlement by civil war carried to its bitter conclusion is a terrible thing, but it must come now whether we wish it or not, unless some outside power is to undertake to sweep Mexico with its armed forces from end to end which would be the more beginning of a still more difficult problem.

"By removing the inhibition on the exportation of arms and ammunition into Mexico, the government of the United States puts itself and intends to put itself, in the same position as other nations whose subjects all along have been at liberty to deal as they pleased with Mexico. The government of the United States deems it essential to the settlement of her present difficulties that Mexico should be treated as any other country would be which was torn by civil war.

"The circumstances that Mexico is, for the time being, unable to meet her financial obligations creates no novel or exceptional international rights, and she will be the sooner able to meet her obligations and resume her full international responsibilities if she is left to determine her own affairs, first by domestic force and then by domestic counsel."

Most Important Lever.

Shipment of arms and ammunition from the United States into Mexico has been one of the principal levers of American influence in the Mexican

(Continues on Page Two.)

HUERTA UNRUFFLED BY ACTION OF U. S.

Will Protect Americans Same as Before; O'Shaughnessy to Remain

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 3.—President Wilson's determination to give factions in Mexico of war material from the United States will not cause President Huerta to deliver to the American chargé his passports, nor will it affect his attitude toward the United States or toward Americans in Mexico. This assurance was given [illegible] Huerta tonight.

The Mexican president made practically no other comment on the action of President Wilson and [illegible] to attach small importance to it.

Chargé O'Shaughnessy [illegible] President Huerta [illegible] question of differences between the two governments was mentioned [illegible] and briefly according to Mr. O'Shaughnessy. The [illegible] were together half an hour and President Huerta reiterated to the chargé that President Wilson's revocation of the proclamation of 1912 would not cause him to adopt retaliatory measures. He assured Mr. O'Shaughnessy that he has in the capital a sufficient number of troops to suppress any anti-American demonstration that might be begun.

END OF WAR IS IN SIGHT--VILLA

REBELS CONSIDER ACT GREAT VICTORY

Will Press Campaign Into South With Renewed Vigor, They Declare

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 3.—The Mexican war will [illegible] last much longer.

Commenting on President Wilson's action in lifting the embargo against the shipment of arms and ammunition into Mexico, General Villa was confident that his rebel army could procure unlimited arms and that it would multiply the rebel victories. He was just as confident that the news from Washington would discourage the federalize the federal troops, so that a speedy termination of the internecine strife among Mexicans was in sight.

Half of the strength of the Huerta forces, General Villa said, depended upon their ability to obtain arms from

(Continued on Page Two.)

Flowers Adorn Polling Places and Men Give up Their Cigars in Deference to 'New Citizens'

Class Line Not Drawn; Society Matrons Waiting in Line With Maids and Cooks; One Woman Objects to Entering Barber Shop to Register

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—More than 150,000 women, Chicago's "newest citizens," became legal voters today. They took the first step in perfecting their franchise by registering.

While enthusiastic suffragists predicted a woman's registration of 200,000, it is conservatively estimated that more than 150,000 took advantage of the new Illinois law giving women right to ballot for all statutory offices.

Anticipating an unusually large feminine interest, the election officials appointed many women judges and clerks. Those experienced but little [illegible] in their accustomed places. The weather favored the suffrage leaders in their work of urging women to register early. As soon as the polls were open, there was a rush of "new citizens" to qualify.

Women Give Their Ages.

It was expected that difficulty would arise over the provision which requires state their ages. As a stumbling block, this was considerably [illegible]. Women gave their ages readily and without any particular effort to keep those in earshot from hearing.

The effort apparently was put forth by men officials in charge to make the occasion agreeable to women. Polling places were made cleaner and attractive and flowers were much in evidence. Also in many instances the men officials refrained from smoking.

There was an abolition of class lines throughout the entire city. Society women waited in line with their maids and cooks. Mayor Harrison, Mrs. Harrison, their cook, housemaid and chauffeur appeared together to register. When Mrs. Harrison had registered she gave what was perhaps her first political speech.

Mrs. Harrison Will Vote.

"I shall certainly vote on election day," she said. "I was not a bit nervous today. I believe in the doctrine of equal rights for all and special privileges for none."

One woman objected to registering in a barber shop and appealed to County Judge Owens.

"I don't think I should be asked to go into a place where a man is being shaved," she complained. The court, however, declined to order the shaving stopped or the polling place changed.

Men election judges accustomed to reading the oath to prospective voters received a surprise when Mrs. Ella Osborne, a woman judge, administered it from memory.

Many women of advanced age registered, several octogenarians being among the number.

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U. S. LIFTS EMBARGO ON ARMS; MEXICO NOW MUST SETTLE HER OWN AFFAIRS

(Continued From Page One.)

...ity, and has been the storm center of agitation ever since the armed revolution began in Mexico, in November, 1910.

It was charged by the Diaz government, then in power, that the rebellion fostered by Madero was sustained by arms purchased in the United States. President Taft ordered troops to Texas to enforce neutrality, but, notwithstanding this, the Madero revolution was successful. The border patrol of several thousand troops has since been maintained chiefly to prevent smuggling of arms.

The United States was confronted in the spring of 1913 with another revolutionary outbreak, this time by Gen. Huerta, against the Madero government, which had been formally recognized. Again the United States took the position of assisting the regularly constituted government, but President Taft asked for specific legislation empowering him to make the embargo against arms more effective. Accordingly, a joint resolution was passed on March 14, 1912, by congress, providing:

Embargo Legalized.

"That whenever the president shall find that, in any American country, conditions of domestic violence exist which are promoted by the use of arms and munitions of war produced from the United States, and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to export, except under such limitations and exceptions as the president shall prescribe, any arms or ammunitions from any place in the United States to such country until otherwise ordered by the president or by congress."

It was under this resolution of "exceptions" that the Wilson government set up a licensing system to allow the Huerta government, but keeping them from the rebels when President Wilson was inaugurated. From then until last August, the same policy was pursued. The president, in an address to congress, then announced his decision to forbid arms to all factions. This was regarded as tantamount to a declaration that constitutional government no longed existed in Mexico, and that the assistance hitherto given a legally constituted regime should cease.

Constitutionalists Protested.

The actual operation of this embargo, however, instead of effecting neutrality, imposed a condition of affairs against which Constitutionalists protested vigorously. They argued that the Huerta government could obtain supplies from Europe, whereas the Constitutionalists were cut off from their only external base of supply, the American boundary. They continued the fighting, in the opinion of government officials here, against heavy odds, obtaining their ammunition by the slow process of conquest.

This argument had been urged on the Washington administration, however, not only by the Constitutionalist sympathizers, who expressed their views before members of the United States senate and before the American government in the parleys with William Bayard Hale, but had been laid before President Wilson by leaders in congress.

Expressions of warm approval came from both ends of the capital today when news spread of the president's decision to lift the embargo.

Approval From All Sides.

"Such an announcement does not surprise me," said Senator Lodge, Republican. "I would rather not comment on it, but I shall try to sustain the president in his foreign policy."

Senator Root, another Republican leader, commended the move, as did Democrats generally. Members of all political parties said that, regardless of the merits of the embargo itself, its operations hitherto had been a disadvantage to the Constitutionalists. Many of the members of the foreign relations committee who now approve the lifting of the embargo, did not think that way last August, and there are some, on the other hand, who think if the embargo had been lifted sooner, the revolution in Mexico might now have been ended.

Many members of congress are confident that the president's action means the termination of the revolution in a short time. Senators pointed out that the Constitutionalists had a semblance of organized and regulated power, even though they had not established civil government in the territory under their control. They do not feel that the time has come for the United States to recognize the Constitutionalist forces as belligerents in the diplomatic service, and persons close to the administration were careful to point out that today's developments should not be construed as involving the United States as a partisan in the Mexican situation.

Inquiries as to whether the withdrawal of Charge O'Shaughnessy, or any change in the border patrol, was under consideration led to the declaration of high officials of the administration that no further steps were contemplated at present.

The national capital buzzed with gossip as to the probable effect in Mexico of the lifting of the embargo. Many officials conversant with Mexican affairs did not believe any immediate change in the situation would result.

END OF WAR IS IN SIGHT--VILLA

(Continued From Page One.)

foreign countries, while the rebels, through the ports they controlled along the United States border, were denied this privilege. Smuggling had never brought satisfactory results, he said, and the rebels heretofore had to capture their fighting weapons from the federals, as was done at Ojinaga.

Negotiations Already Opened.

The immediate effect of the lifting of the embargo, it was admitted, would be the ordering of great quantities of ammunition, cannon and modern rapid-fire pieces. Negotiations had already been opened with manufacturers of arms in the United States for the purchase of supplies in the event that the embargo might be lifted. The rebels say their treasury is supplied with funds to make purchases.

Nothing other than the resignation of Huerta or the recognition of the rebels by the United States could have caused more joy to General Villa. Had the action been taken a few months ago, he said, the war probably would have been over by now. As it is, he thought a few months would witness the restoration of constitutional government throughout the republic.

When he heard the report of the lifting of the embargo, General Villa at his headquarters at first was incredulous but when the details were imparted to him he embraced his informant and, waving his cap in the air, cried: "The war will soon be over! The war will soon be over!"

Considered Rebel Victory.

"While the lifting of the embargo applies to us and to the Huerta army, it really is a victory for us, because Huerta had been able to obtain arms in spite of the United States and we had not," said General Villa. "I think President Wilson is the justest man in the world. All Mexicans will love him now and we will look upon the United States as our greatest friend, because it has done us justice."

The latest development will cause no change in the rebel plans to attack the federal army at Torreon, except that if possible more field pieces will be sent to open the siege. General Villa himself may be delayed here to purchase more ammunition.

May Demoralize Federals.

Next to learning about the lifting of the embargo, the rebels were anxious to have the news reach the federal lines. They thought the information would result in demoralizing the Torreon federals and even might cause them to evacuate that city at the opening of the attack. General Villa believes the news would be withheld from them.

On the American side, the customs officials, department of justice and United States marshal's staff will be relieved of much responsibility and extra work by the lifting of the embargo. It will also relieve the army of much work.

United States border patrol troops will remain stationed along the international line, according to Gen. Hugh L. Scott. He said the troops would be kept on the border to prevent marauding parties from crossing and to prevent any invasions of Mexico by armed forces. It is probable the troops will be removed from the two international bridges, but nowhere else.

POSLAM ENDS TORTURES OF ITCHING SKIN

Used for any skin disease, the action of Poslam is immediate. It stops itching, allays inflammation and heals with wonderful rapidity.

Aggravated cases of Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Scalp-Itch, Barbers' and every form of itch are indicated, to the surprise of those who have tried to secure results by other means. Poslam shows results so quickly that you are never in doubt as to whether or not it is doing the work. The skin is forced to respond to its healing influence.

Poslam is sold by all druggists. For free sample write to Hanchett Agency Laboratories, 32 West 17th Street, New York. Poslam Soap is medicated with Poslam and is the best soap for your skin.

Take advantage of these big reductions and supply your shoe needs for months to come. You will need these shoes for several months.

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This is not a mixed-up stock of odds and ends and left-overs—but a complete line of the latest styles and the best makes in high shoes. Our way of reducing stock.

Shoe Clearance

EVERY year we offer you this exceptional opportunity to buy the highest quality shoes made at greatly reduced prices, and this is the biggest sale we have ever had big in quantity of goods big in variety of styles, and bigger still in the one thing that counts most *value for your money*

For men, women and children.

Dress Shoes **Street Shoes**
Work Shoes **Play Shoes**

Every Leather, Every Size and Almost Every Style

$7.50 values, now	$5.65	$5.50 values, now	$4.00	$3.50 values, now	$2.65
$7.00 values, now	$5.25	$5.00 values, now	$3.65	$3.00 values, now	$2.35
$6.50 values, now	$4.85	$4.50 values, now	$3.35	$2.50 values, now	$1.95
$6.00 values, now	$4.45	$4.00 values, now	$2.95	$2.00 values, now	$1.65

BARGAINS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY AT OUR HOSIERY COUNTER

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY. YOU WILL UNDERSTAND WHY THE STORE IS CROWDED

JAPANESE WAR SCARE LOOMS UP IN HOUSE

(Continued From Page One.)

the amendment would be accepted in some form.

The house was in confusion, with half a dozen members vociferously demanding an opportunity to be heard, when the tide was turned by Republican Leader Mann, who, from the center of the chamber, spoke in a grave, low voice.

Mann Checks Move.

"I have been long enough in this house, I hope, to place the country above party," he said. "I do not believe any of these amendments should be adopted at this time. Dealing with our foreign affairs is a subject of delicacy at best. While I do not have the greatest pride in the present state department, I feel that, in conducting our relations with foreign countries, I am bound to rely, in the first instance at least, upon the state department. If it cannot eradicate the difficulties of the situation through diplomatic negotiations, it is time enough for congress to act by specific legislation.

"I am not prepared to invite war with Japan, or any other country, although if that war should come as a result of any legislation, I would not shrink from it."

Appeals to Republicans.

As the house listened in a hush of silence, Representative Mann turned to the Republican side.

"I think now is the time for us to be cool and collected," he warned, and not to be carried off our feet because we think, perchance, we can play politics at the expense of the Democratic side of the house. We owe an allegiance to our country above our party."

Shouts of approval from both Democrats and Republicans interrupted the speaker. "We represent the entire country, and we ought to protect, at this time, even California against herself," he finally concluded, amid a tumult of applause.

The debate continued, but when votes were forced the amendments were decisively defeated.

Consideration of the bill was continued through the day, but no amendments of material importance were written into the measure. It was agreed to allow the immigration bill right of way tomorrow, when it will be passed.

British South Africa has 8,501 miles of railway in operation.

ITCHING ERUPTION ON ARMS AND LIMBS

Became Red and Pimples Formed. Could Not Keep from Scratching. Clothing Irritated It. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured.

Cassoday, Kansas.—"Some two or three years ago the trouble began with irritation and itching on my arms and lower limbs. The affected parts became red and pimply or eruption formed. The itching was so severe that I could not keep from scratching and some sores formed on my face and limbs. The clothing irritated at times and made the itching worse.

"I tried various remedies relieving to some extent the trouble but I continued to suffer and finally the malady spread over my body but was very bad on my head and face and around my waist. The skin became rough and thick and sores formed on my face. The itching and burning often kept me awake at night. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment last winter. I bathed with the Cuticura Soap and hot water at least once a day and used the Cuticura Ointment two or three times a day. In five months I was cured." (Signed) E. Cameron, Sept. 17, 1913.

The regular use of Cuticura Soap for toilet and bath not only tends to promote, purify and beautify the skin, scalp, hair and hands, but in its mission of preventing inflammation, irritation and clogging of the pores, the common cause of pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, oily, clothy and other unhealthy conditions of the skin, Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world. Liberal sample of each with 32-p. skin book free. Address "Cuticura," Dept. T, Boston.

SALTS FINE FOR ACHING KIDNEYS

WE EAT TOO MUCH MEAT WHICH CLOGS KIDNEYS, THEN THE BACK HURTS

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in avoiding kidney trouble while it is only trouble. Adv.

CARRANZA IS ELATED BY WASHINGTON NEWS

Says Huerta Soon Will Be Eliminated and Peace Again Established

CULIACAN, Sinaloa, Mexico, Feb. 3.—General Carranza and the Constitutionalist officials here today were elated over the report from Washington that President Wilson had lifted the embargo on munitions of war being shipped from the United States into Mexico, and the receipt of a telegram by the Constitutionalist chief announcing the news was the signal for a demonstration.

Along the frontier the impression was the action of the Washington government was in no way the result of a compromise with the revolutionary party of Mexico and that it had been accomplished only through natural effort in Washington.

It was said that General Carranza had had no direct dealings with the Wilson administration since the breaking off of negotiations conducted two months ago at Nogales, Sonora, through William Bayard Hale. Since that time, it was understood, General Carranza has assumed a waiting policy, and made absolutely no attempt toward a renewal of negotiations.

The first news here was received in a telegram from Luis Cabrera, the Constitutionalist representative in Washington, and immediately produced an air of optimism on all sides. It was asserted that with the free importation of arms the campaigning in all quarters would be pushed and that Huerta would be eliminated in a short time. It is expected that the arms and ammunition confiscated in the United States will be turned over to the Constitutionalist officials.

FIGHTING HAS BEGUN AT TAMPICO, MEXICO

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 3.—Wireless reports from Tampico say that fighting continued this afternoon at a point between Altamira and Tampico, but with what result is not known. Many wounded federals had been taken to Tampico, and it was believed that the federals were in retreat.

The transport Progresso sailed from here this afternoon with reinforcements for the defense of the city.

WHEAT CROP IN SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE REDUCED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Wheat production of the harvest of 1913-14 in Argentina and Australia, the two principal producing countries in the southern hemisphere, is about 12 per cent less than last year. The department of agriculture today received a cablegram from the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, announcing the preliminary statistics of wheat production in Australia as 112,334,000 bushels, and for Argentina and Australia combined as 244,523,000 bushels

YOUNG GIRL TAKES OWN LIFE IN JAIL

Mrs. Loma Hertzell Commits Suicide in Cell; Motive for Act Not Known

Mrs. Loma Hartzell, aged 21 years, committed suicide at the county jail at 7 o'clock last evening by hanging herself with a thin silk scarf which she had worn as a headdress. She was found hanging to an overhead pipe in the hospital ward of the jail.

Mrs. Hartzell was fined $25 in police court, January 30, on a charge of conducting a disorderly house. It is thought that she brooded over her arrest. When taken to the county jail last week she is said to have attempted suicide by drinking a quantity of liquid soap, and she told another prisoner that if she could obtain the necessary means she would end her life.

According to the story told by Chief of Police S. D. Burno, in police court, at the time of Mrs. Hartzell's trial, she had been trying to induce H. W. Gibson, a railroad employe, to turn over to her a part of a $54,000 estate, which, it was claimed, he recently inherited from his father in Washington. Gibson testified that Mrs. Hartzell had attempted to induce him to put $500 in the bank for her little daughter.

Mrs. Hartzell had served all but three days of her sentence, and was yesterday transferred from a cell to the hospital ward. Matron Jennie R. Kinsman visited her at about 6 o'clock, and at that time the woman talked cheerfully and seemed happy that her incarceration was nearing an end. Mrs. Kinsman told her that she would be allowed to stay in the hospital ward for the remainder of her imprisonment.

An hour later, Turnkey Clement W. Kinsman went to the hospital ward and found the woman hanging unconscious. He notified County Physician J. H. Brown, and a lungmotor was put into service, but after an hour's work she was pronounced dead. Coroner Lawrence Beyle said last night that no inquest would be held.

Mrs. Orvilla Fitzpatrick, who was arrested by the police the night of Mrs. Hartzell's arrest, had been living at the home of the latter for several days. When seen last night, she told the following story:

"I think our arrest was entirely uncalled for, and since I had lived with Mrs. Hartzell, I had noticed nothing wrong in her actions. When we were tried in police court we were given small chance to defend ourselves. The only testimony against us was that of Gibson, who, Chief Burno told the court, was partly demented. After court, I was taken to the county jail with Mrs. Hartzell, and we had only been there a few minutes when she attempted suicide by swallowing a quantity of liquid soap. She soon recovered from that, but told me that if she could find anything to do it with, she would certainly kill herself.

"She examined some knives and forks that were in the jail and then she saw a clothes line and said that she could use that to end her life. I advised her against it and didn't think she meant what she said. I paid my fine an hour later and was released."

Mrs. Hartzell was first married when she was 13 years old, to George Downs, according to Mrs. Fitzpatrick. She later left him, and after several years, thinking he was dead, she married again. Hartzell learned that his wife's former husband was alive and he caused the latter marriage to be annulled.

The American elm has many times demonstrated its superior value as a street or lawn tree. It is not nearly so subject to disease or insects as many other trees.

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LIPPINCOTT'S is enjoying a big revival of popularity. Thousands of new readers have been added to its subscription list during the past few months, and its circulation is increasing rapidly.

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LIPPINCOTT'S "LITTLE BOOK OF BIG BARGAINS"

New Edition Just Published for the Season 1913-1914

Sent Free Upon Request

J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY
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THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter S Diamond Brand Pills in red and gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

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OUR $1 SALE of things you need still continues. Read what you can buy during this sale.

Shirts, values up to $2.50, now.....$1
Hats, values $3 and $4, now.....$1
8 pairs Hose, values up to 75c, now.....$1
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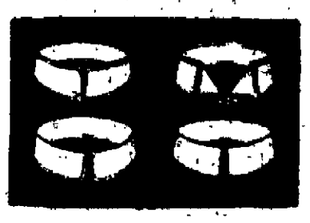

SMOOTH EDGES

We take it a point to examine the edge of each collar before being delivered from our plant to make sure that the edge is smooth and in a condition that will give comfort to the wearer.

The Pearl
The Laundry That Uses Navy Soap
15 W. Bijou St. Phone M. 1011

GLOBE-WERNICKE SECTIONAL BOOKCASES

OUTWEST PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.
8-10 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

Sample Suits FOR MEN
$7.50 and $12.50
Special for Wednesday
10% discount off above prices, excepting blue serges.
23-32 Midland Block, Upstairs

WINONA
ARROW Notch COLLAR

Societies and Clubs

The Westminister guild will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Miss Clara Waugh, 6 Boulder Crescent.

Helen Hunt district Court of Honor No. 1159 will meet tonight in its hall on East Bijou street.

The L. C. B. A. will meet tonight in St. Marys hall.

The Frances Willard W. C. T. U. will meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Sinton, 805 South El Paso street.

Kit Carson circle, L. G. A. R., will meet in G. A. R. hall next Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Centennial chapter No. 58, O. E. S., will meet tonight at 7:30 o'clock in Masonic temple.

Section one of the First Christian church will meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. R. C. Hill, 29 East Cache la Poudre street.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Painters union will meet tomorrow at the home of Mrs. J. A. Connell.

The local board of managers of Beth-El hospital will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the hospital parlors.

The art and literature department of the Woman's club will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall.

Rosy as a Girl

Summit, N. C.—In a letter received from this place, Mr. J. W. Church, the notary public, says: "My wife had been suffering for nearly 12 years, from female ailments, and at times, was unable to leave the house. She suffered agony with her side and back. We tried physicians for years, without effect. After these treatments all failed she took Cardui, and gained in health at once. Now she is red and rosy as a school girl." Cardui, as a tonic for women, has brought remarkable results. It relieves pain and misery and is the ideal tonic for young and old. Try it. At druggists. Adv.

The paper of the afternoon will be "Italian Galleries, Florence and Rome," by Mrs. Myrta Morrison. Miss Agnes Neuer will sing a group of songs.

The Jr. O. U. A. M. will meet tonight in G. A. R. hall at 7:30 o'clock for work in the second degree.

A union Christian Endeavor prayer meeting will be held this evening at 7:45 o'clock in the First Presbyterian church. Many of the churches have dismissed their Wednesday evening meeting in favor of this union meeting. The Rev. Mr. Holbrook, pastor of the Second Congregational church, will speak.

Personal Mention

John Calahan of Chicago is a guest at the Alamo.

W. S. Hine of Denver is registered at the Acacia.

J. Tresger of Oakland, Cal., is registered at the Antlers.

Mrs. Dr. P. F. Gildea expects to leave today for a visit in San Antonio, Tex.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Stobaens of Newark, N. J., are guests at the Antlers.

F. J. Kambler, a Colorado Springs jeweler, left yesterday on a business trip through the south and east.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA
Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA
Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

News of the Courts

The case of Harry Pring, charged with selling mortgaged property, was called in the district court yesterday afternoon. Pring failed to appear and his bond of $1,000 was ordered forfeited.

William Banning, Jr., charged with speeding, was fined $10 and costs in police court yesterday.

MINE GUARDS CONDEMNED BY SEC. WILSON

(Continued From Page One.)

they themselves exercise, fair relations are maintained.

"In any circumstances, differences must be expected to arise. In such cases, the department of labor might possibly find a common ground for agreement which the disputants, in their eagerness for advantage or in the heat of their controversy, had overlooked."

In that connection, it is suggested that congress clearly define the functions of the department of labor in the mediation of labor disputes and vote an appropriation adequate to meet the requirements of mediation work. In that way, it was suggested, "the welfare of wage earners could be fostered while the prosperity of employers and the peace and good order of society at large were conserved. Amicable settlements between the parties themselves without mediation, are manifestly first in the order of preference. Mediation comes next, arbitration third. But any of the three is preferable to strikes or lockouts."

Disputes Can Be Adjusted.

The success already achieved by the department of labor, in the adjustment of labor controversies, demonstrates, in the judgment of Secretary Wilson, that such disputes nearly always may be adjusted to the profit of all interests; and he believes that the department "properly equipped, should be able to make mediation progressively popular with both the employing and the wage-earning interests of the country."

The report contains a review of the labor controversies in which the good offices of the department of labor were exercised during the 10 months of its existence. In practically all of them, agents of the department were successful, although in the Colorado coal strike and in the Michigan copper strike no peaceful solutions yet have been reached, because, it was pointed out, parties to the controversies could not be induced to accept mediation.

During the fiscal year, ended June 30, 1913, 1,197,872 immigrants came to this country, an increase of 359,720 over the previous year. Of those 926,-355 were between 14 and 44 years of age, 147,158 were under 14, and 64,-279 were 45 or over. Twenty-six per cent of the aliens admitted were totally illiterate. The bulk of the immigration came from the countries of southern and eastern Europe, only 15 per cent coming from northern and western Europe.

Immigration Increases.

While the immigration increased 43 per cent during the last year, the number of exclusions of arriving aliens increased only 34 per cent. That was due, the report indicates, to the financial and physical inability of the bureau of immigration properly to supervise the great number of arriving aliens.

Under existing arrangements, of the 6,559 Japanese who applied for admission during the year, 38 were excluded.

Difficulties in enforcing the so-called Chinese exclusion law were discussed, with a view to the enactment of additional legislation and the getting of more money with which to protect the borders of the country. It was said that Chinese continually were being smuggled across both the northern and southern borders of the country, and that they come to the ports of entry as "merchants," "students," "natives" and "sons of natives," when they really are laborers.

Recommendations made by Commissioner General Caminetti of the immigration bureau were called to the attention of congress, but were not submitted in the secretary's report.

"With the sympathetic cooperation of congress," says Secretary Wilson, in conclusion, "the department of labor can effectively serve industrial interests, not only without injury to any, but with benefit to all."

Civil Service Employes Warned About Activities Suffrage Organizations

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Classified federal employes affiliated with suffrage organizations were warned today they would be liable to removal from office under the civil service laws if they participated in political activity either as officers of associations or through the exercise of influence as members.

The commission's attitude was announced by President McIlhenny, in response to an inquiry from Mrs. Russell M. McLennan, an employe of the treasury department, who recently resigned from the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage when leaders of that body declared their intention of holding the Democratic party responsible if congress refused to act favorably on the proposed suffrage constitutional amendment.

Mr. McIlhenny said that "competitive classified employes may be members of political clubs or similar political organizations and associations but it is improper for them to be active in the formation or organization of the club, to be officers thereof, or as members to influence other persons by actions or utterances."

"Gets-It" for Corns On Your Piggy-Wiggies!

Quit Puttering With Corns. Use This Sure, New-Plan Corn Cure

A few drops of "GETS-IT," the biggest seller in the world today of any corn remedy, is enough to spell positive doom to the fiercest corn that ever

cemented itself to a toe. It's good-bye Johnnie. You apply "GETS-IT" in two seconds—no fussing with plasters that don't stay put, with salves that make corns "pull" and make the toe beefy and raw, with knives, scissors, razors and diggers that make corns grow faster and that may cause blood poison from corn-cutting and corn-bleeding. "GETS-IT" shrivels up corns, they come right off. That's the new principle. It's just common sense. No more corn-pains. "GETS-IT" is safe, and never hurts the flesh. Get rid of corns and callouses.

"GETS-IT" is sold at 25c a bottle by all druggists, or sent direct if you wish, from E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

SUPPORT OF CITY AND COUNTY OFFICIALS THEME OF TALKS AT BROTHERHOOD MEETING

Two Hundred at Annual Session Hear Interesting Addresses on Welfare of City

J. A. Barton was elected president of the federated brotherhoods at the annual meeting last night at the First Presbyterian church. The other officers were Edward S. Parsons, first vice president; Miles Cook second vice president; Charles Chapman third vice president, and Atherton Noyes, secretary-treasurer.

Immediately preceding the meeting the annual banquet was held. Mayor McKesson and others delivered brief and interesting addresses. How church men can best support city and county officials through intelligent interest and frank, hearty cooperation was the theme of all the addresses.

Additional Laws Not Needed.

J. L. Bennett, assistant city attorney, made an especially interesting address, in which he quoted the numerous city ordinances covering the moral welfare of the city and pointed out that it is enforcement of present laws, rather than legislation of new ones, that is most needed. He illustrated his talk with numerous specific examples which have been brought to his attention recently. Principal among these was one pointing out the lack of interest among parents in the welfare of not only their own children, but others in the city.

Clarence P. Dodge, speaking for the brotherhoods, said that every city and every movement needs a leader at some time, but that Colorado Springs now has passed this stage and needs the people to get back of the movements started by the leaders. Mayor McKesson, who delivered the principal address of the evening, said:

It was my intention to make a set speech on this occasion, but I have been "set upon" so much of late by those holding antagonistic opinions in regard to coal and other municipal matters, that I have not only not been able to make a set speech, but I am almost speechless. But I feel so greatly honored by being called upon to address this great gathering of the brotherhood men of Colorado Springs that I shall try to regain my speech for a few moments.

The character of this program and the large attendance at this meeting shows that there is a deep interest in municipal weal among the good men of this city. Such a meeting as this is of itself a most helpful thing to those engaged in the administration of public affairs. Men in public stations are public servants. The people are the employers—the masters. It is important that the employer show an interest in the work of the employe. This you are doing tonight by your presence here and by calling certain of your servants to tell you about their work and what can be done to better conditions in the city. Let me here state a truth which cannot be repeated too often. The way to make and keep good servants is to commend what they do that is meritorious and kindly point out how they can correct the mistakes which they make. The way to make poor, indifferent and useless servants is to take no notice of the good work they do and harshly criticise them for that which is done poorly.

Applies to City Officials.

This rule is as effective for public servants as it is for those employed in private enterprise. To illustrate my meaning, let me tell you of a town which I have in mind, in which municipal affairs have been badly managed for a number of years, because partisan politics had control and the offices were all filled by efficient vote-getters, but inefficient municipal workers. Conditions became intolerable, and the good citizens became aroused and nominated and elected good, clean men to office, but as soon as these men were installed in their respective stations, the good citizens ceased to take an interest in municipal affairs. They thought they had done all that was required of them by putting good men in office.

The new men honestly and faithfully did all they could to put the affairs of the city on a clean, business basis, but they found themselves bound by laws, ordinances and precedents which prevented them from doing much they wanted to do for municipal benefit. Then they made mistakes, as we all do. The political opponents of these men did not cease to take an active interest in city affairs as did the good men of the community. The politicians understood the game and they became active in every way they could to defeat the success of the new administration. One of their chief successes lay in misrepresenting what was actually done by the new officers and in magnifying the character of the mistakes that were actually made and in passing unnoticed the good things that were done. It was not long until the town was full of talk of the incompetency and inefficiency of the new administration. Even the good people talked about the mistakes that had been made and nothing else.

The new officers heard these unkind criticisms from those from whom they had expected help and encouragement. These officers did not cease to be human beings when they took the oath of office, a fact which their supporters seemed to forget. In spite of their trying, they became disheartened, discouraged. Their efforts lost courage and vigor, which resulted in more adverse criticism. Finally these discouraged officials said: "What's the use of trying?" When we do well no one appreciates our efforts, in trying to better conditions we make mistakes and everyone finds fault. It is easier to let things drift." And they let things drift and the good people who elected them were greatly mortified because of the failure of their reform administration.

I am not here to condone the conduct of the men of that new administration. They should have had more courage and grit. They were not ideal public officials, but they were human, and that is the kind usually elected, even on reform tickets.

Asks Fair Cooperation.

Now, success might have crowned even this administration if the good people who had put their men in office had kept in sympathetic touch with them and had expressed appreciation for the good things done and had been fairer in passing their judgment upon the mistakes made. To always find fault and never praise, not only makes your public officer a dull servant, but destroys his vitality and leaves him lifeless and inefficient.

If you want any city or county administration to succeed, give it fair, sympathetic support. Show your appreciation for such things as it does well, and be stingy of adverse criticism of it.

There is another important way in which you can help your public officials. Treat them honestly and fairly. Don't criticise them without knowing what they have done and why they have done it. Don't peddle false reports. No one except he who has run for office, or has held public office, knows how prone even good people are to circulate a report without investigating to learn whether it is true or not. Public officers are continuously charged with things they not only never did, but never thought of doing. And they have their acts distorted and misrepresented.

Experience has taught me that when one becomes a servant of all the people, his viewpoint as a private citizen changes greatly. As private citizens our interest is usually limited to our class, or business, or locality. When one enters a public station his horizon widens until it takes in all classes, all interests and the entire city. This enlarged view often shows him that it is not right to do the thing which a single interest or class or locality thought should be done. Before the public servant can act, he must fairly consider the interest of every one in by this action. Before criticising a public official, try to get his viewpoint.

Help the city by doing your part as a good citizen. Don't leave all for your city officials. When you have done your best, there will be enough for them to do. Do all in your power to make this a fairer, happier city.

There is another way in which you can render a helpful service to the city administration. Call the attention of the proper officers to what you see that needs their attention. If you find something in any department that needs attention, do not pass it by with a criticism on the carelessness of the officer who has permitted it to exist, but call up someone at the city hall and tell him what the trouble is and where it is. The officers will appreciate your kindness, if you act as one who wishes to help and not to find fault.

Helpful Suggestions Welcomed.

Again let me urge you to help enforce the laws. So many people seem to think that the enforcement of the city laws rests wholly on its police officers. In my judgement, there is a duty resting up every citizen to aid in enforcing all laws of the municipality, and if the citizens would perform this duty, it would not only lessen the cost of maintaining the police force of this city, but would secure a much better condition of law enforcement in our city.

Very much assistance might be given both city and county administrations if every citizen would give the city and county officials the benefit of helpful suggestions. Almost every man and woman has thought of something that would be helpful to the city or county. Your public officials would be delighted to have the benefit of these suggestions. Let me urge you to try to think of something that will be helpful along the line suggested, and when you have found something of this nature either write it, or phone it, or tell it to those who can make use of it. But do not be angry if your suggestion is not adopted, for however good it may be, there may be some good reason which the officer finds which will keep it from being put into practice. Some cities have adopted the splendid method of having "suggestion boxes" in public places, where any citizen can deposit any recommendation he has for civic betterment. Perhaps this would be a good plan for your brotherhoods to adopt and then send these suggestions if stated intervals to the proper officials. Try to make practical suggestions.

Then I think it would be a good thing if your brotherhoods would study social and municipal problems. The church must awake to the fact that Christianity is a practical thing. A thing which must solve the problems of social betterment. If the good men who constitute the brotherhoods of this city will earnestly study all the problems which affect the municipal weal and will join with their public officials in putting into practical operation those things which are found will advance the highest and best interests of the city, the future of Colorado Springs will be bright indeed.

I know the spirit of the best city officials. They know we have a peerless city so far as physical conditions go to make such a city. They know this city stands before the whole country as the "roof garden" of the mountains and as the "Athens of the Golden West." They want to make it equally peerless and renowned for its clean, helpful business administration of municipal affairs. They want your aid and the assistance of all other good men to give it such a government. Will you give us your cooperation and support?

Large deposits of sulphur have been found in southern Texas and are to be developed in a similar manner to the development of the Louisiana sulphur fields.

Between Women's Health or Suffering

The main reason why so many women suffer greatly at times is because of a run-down condition. Debility, poor circulation show in headaches, languor, nervousness and worry.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(or a Dose of Any Medicine in the World)

are the safest, surest, most convenient and most economical remedy. They clear the system of poisons, purify the blood, relieve suffering and ensure such good health and strength that all the bodily organs work naturally and properly. In actions, feelings and looks, thousands of women have proved that Beecham's Pills

Make All The Difference

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.
Women will find the directions with each box valuable.

Have Your Spring
Dyeing and Cleaning
Done Here and Early. We Give You Reliable Expert Work at Low Prices.
Model DYERS & CLEANERS
PHONE M. 715. 328 N. TEJON.

Protect Yourself
Ask for ORIGINAL GENUINE
Horlicks Malted Milk
The Food Drink for all Ages—Others are Imitations

Former Political Leaders Directing Appeal in Prison

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—From their cells in a Brooklyn jail, Joseph Cassidy, William Willett, Jr. and Louis T. Walter, Jr., convicted of bribery conspiracy, prepared today to begin a legal fight against the verdicts of guilty brought in by two juries—against Cassidy and Walter last night and against Willett 10 days ago.

Supreme Court Justice Walter Jaycox will sentence Cassidy until recently the Democratic leader of Queens county, and Walter a Long Island contractor, tomorrow, together with Willett, once a Democratic member of congress, the passing of whose penalty today was deferred. Cassidy sold a supreme court nomination to Willett in 1911, and Walter was the go-between, the indictment against them charged.

Certificates of reasonable doubt, returnable Friday, will be sought tomorrow according to the plans of counsel of the convicted men. Their admittance to bail will be asked pending a decision on an appeal of their cases.

CULVERT BUSINESS SOLD: FLUME CONCERN REMAINS

Only the culvert business of the Colorado Ingot-Iron Pipe and Culvert company, which has headquarters here, has been sold to Denver interests. The Lennon Flume company was not sold, as previously announced, but will remain here and continue its offices at 220 West Cimarron street, under the direction of Arch Bean and F. O. Ray.

Announcement

To the smart dressed ladies of Colo. Springs:

We wish to announce that our 1914 Spring and Summer Samples and Styles have just arrived.

We will appreciate it if our old and new customers will make as early a selection as possible for their Easter Suits and as an inducement we will make up our regular $75.00 Suit for $50.00.

We will also accommodate our customers by making up only one suit of a sample.

B. Edilson
LADIES' TAILOR
711 N. Tejon St.

OPENS UP CLOGGED NOSTRILS AND HEAD IN ONE MINUTE---ENDS CATARRH MISERY

Stops Nasty Discharge, Clears Stuffed Head, Heals Inflamed Air Passages and You Breathe Freely

Try Ely's Cream Balm!

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it. Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open, you will breathe freely, dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh cold in head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat, clears the air passages, stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight struggling for breath with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear. Adv.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1914.

WILSON AND VILLA

LAST Saturday General Francisco Villa issued an announcement that hereafter he would adhere to the rules of civilized warfare, particularly in his treatment of prisoners. He borrowed a book on the ethics of war from American army officers and promised to practice its principles. At the same time he said to Governor McDonald of New Mexico, "We wish you to know the truth about us. We are not always executing people. We intend to execute only traitors."

Three days later an emissary from General Diaz called on Villa. After listening to his proposals the newly-civilized rebel leader had the man led out in front of his house, stood against the wall and shot. Two or three hours later the victim was buried, and the "incident" became known only because somebody discovered a pool of blood in Villa's front yard and inquired about it.

Yet this is the man who, according to President Wilson, may be recognized as provisional president of Mexico following the overthrow of Huerta. Villa himself disclaims presidential ambitions. "I never went to school a day in my life," he says, "and am not educated for the post. My alphabet has been the sight and trigger of a rifle; my books have been the movements of the enemy." It sounds well for consumption north of the Rio Grande, but strict compliance with the promise is scarcely to be expected if Villa finds himself in possession of the capital.

President Wilson's marvelous success in getting what he wants from Congress has blinded the country to the failure of his Mexican diplomacy. His policy of "watchful waiting" has led him around in a circle, and now, as ten months ago, he must decide whether he will or will not recognize a bandit as president of Mexico. But now his position is even more embarrassing, for he has already announced his intended support of the rebel leaders, including Villa.

The growing seriousness of the problem is more and more appreciated in Washington as evidence accumulates of the intention of European powers to force action if our Government does not act voluntarily. The time is not far off when there will be a foreign military force in Mexico, and if it is not that of the United States it will be made up of marines from European and Japanese warships.

CLARK AND THE PRESIDENCY

A MAN who believes, with good reason, that he has been tricked out of the Presidency of the United States has a legitimate claim on the sympathy of the public for the remainder of his life, however strongly it may doubt his fitness for the office. Consider the case of Speaker Clark. Few intelligent observers, except those who are biased, believe now that he would make a better President than Mr. Wilson. Few thought so eighteen months ago when he was the leading candidate for the Democratic nomination. It is a pretty sound conclusion that it was a good thing for the country when Wilson beat Clark in the Baltimore convention—assuming, of course, that Clark would have been elected.

But the fact remains that Clark was beaten in the convention by questionable methods. A majority of the delegates, elected in presidential primaries, were pledged to him, and did not vote for him. Bryan, who was there as a delegate, was pledged to him, but did not vote for him. Under the two-thirds rule of Democratic national conventions Bryan was able to defeat the majority—and when he deserted Clark for Wilson—convert it into a two-thirds majority for the man who is now President.

* * * * *

A man would have to be almost more than human if the bitterness of such a defeat did not sink into his soul and leave there an indelible mark—and Clark is quite human. He probably feels no resentment toward Wilson; at least he has shown no special evidence of it; but toward Bryan, the real author of his defeat, he displays cordial and consistent hatred. A few months ago they made a pretence of patching things up, but that was to give an appearance of harmony to the administration. Clark loses no opportunity to vent his contempt for the Peerless Leader who so cleverly ditched him at Baltimore—and nobody blames him.

In a speech last week he declared, "I say to you in all truth that I should be in the White house today if the election of 1912 had been the natural outcome of the primary election." This statement is susceptible to modification, for Clark would not have been as strong a candidate as Wilson, and Roosevelt might have beaten him. Anyway, the nomination would have put him close enough to the White house to justify his present resentment toward the man who euchred him out of it. Bryan may continue to cry "Peace, peace!" to all the world, but he will never get it with Champ Clark.

ARGENTINE CIVILIZATION

A NEW YORK paper, in commenting on how the tango "has been modified since it left the mud huts of Argentina," displays the usual American ignorance of Argentina in particular and South America in general. Because Mexico, Central America and two or three of the northern countries of South America keep themselves in a state of barbarism by their devotion to the annual revolution habit, we cheerfuly assume that all of the peoples between the Texas frontier and the Straits of Magellan are uncivilized and dwell in mud huts.

As a matter of fact none of the principal South American countries has much to learn from us, and in some things we might profitably study their achievements. Argentina, Brazil and Chile have governments quite as stable as ours, as truly democratic, and often more efficient. They have excellent systems of education, both public and collegiate. In the development of their commercial and agricultural resources they are making strides comparable to those of our own country; and manufacturing, which naturally comes after the other two, is fast assuming importance. Some of the South American cities, notably Buenos Aires and Rio Janeiro, rank with the cleanest, most beautiful and best governed municipalities in the world.

We Americans smile contemptuously at the ignorance of a foreigner who doesn't display entire familiarity with our own country. But the man who generalizes about "the mud huts of Argentina" isn't much farther from the truth than a South American would be who assumed that such habitations are the typical abode of the people of the United States.

OPEN PARLIAMENT

(All letters intended for the Open Parliament must bear the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Controversial letters will not be published without the signature of the writer. Communications for this department should be limited to 400 words and should be free from personalities. Religious controversies cannot be conducted in this column.)

THE COLLEGE CAMPUS.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

I am very glad the question of the paths across the campus has been raised by a member of the college. When the paths were laid out, whatever else was considered, the convenience of the citizens certainly was not. The manifest need of some diagonal paths is proved by the persistent walking of the public across the campus at certain clearly defined points. One diagonal path was made for the convenience of the college. It would in no way hurt the looks of the campus to put in a few more where they are plainly needed.

I am extremely sorry to say that it is commonly whispered through the town that the college pays little regard for our citizens' convenience. The snow-covered walks in winter are not only inconvenient but dangerous. The campus in summer is covered with dandelions. The streets about the Murray drug store are littered with wrappings from packages bought and thrown in the street by the students. There is a great deal the college student could do to show a pride in the looks of our town, and which in turn would encourage the citizens to cooperate.

CITIZEN.

Colorado Springs, Feb. 3.

THE SINGLE TAX.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

It is a pity that in a movement which claims its origin in moral earnestness, any advocate should be wanting in candor.

The appropriation of the rental value of land spells confiscation, and is only another phrasing of the theory previously stated. Let me quote:

"Since the value of land is ultimately dependent upon its rent, the adoption of single tax would necessarily result in a great depreciation of land values. If the tax is made so heavy as to absorb the entire income from land—and this is the express object of the single tax—the value of the land will utterly disappear."

The land speculator in Colorado Springs is a negligible quantity, both in numbers and property, and will not appreciably carry the burden of taxes.

Do you, the 6,000 owners of homes in our city, understand that the theory and clear purpose of the single taxers is finally to confiscate the public uses all land values? If they fully succeed, do you know that you must finally deduct from the present value of your place the present value of the land? Perhaps your home is not yet paid for in full. What will happen when your mortgage comes due?

The Canadian northwest has at last been opened and tens of thousands fo young, energetic American farmers have gone there, and the country has experienced a great boom. Do you remember how tremendously Portland, Seattle and Tacoma grew under similar conditions? Is it not enough to awaken derision to have the material results of such conditions claimed by single tax?

BANK STOCK HOLDER.

Colorado Springs, Feb. 3.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

"Justice" has written the best article I have seen yet. It is an honest remonstrance against an innovation for which he can see no foundation, and by which, he believes, injury will be done to innocent persons.

Alas, however, for the efficiency of his appeal! The news [illegible] by the [illegible] in the '60s; to being [illegible] by protectionists and the [illegible] would be [illegible] by the white slaver.

[illegible] must suffer where or a country awakens to the [illegible] of a [illegible] in its economic foundation, but that [illegible] suffering must not and cannot justify stagnation [illegible] right and public welfare are on the side of reform.

John Stuart Mill and Herbert Spencer both openly declared that justice could never exist while industry bore the burden of taxation. No deeper thinker ever failed to realize the moral cancer that lies buried in the institution of absolute private property in land. There was no such thing 300 years ago and there would not be now, if clever people had not invented indirect taxation as a means of fooling the people. The single tax without doubt stands for the right of the people to appropriate land values for governmental purposes, but it will be a generation or two before there is any suggestion that the appropriation shall ever exceed what is necessary for public expenses. This will not reach the one-half of the annual income from land values, so there is no wish apparent to "despoil the Egyptians" of more than they can afford to give us without causing ruin to anyone. The good sense of the people can be depended on to see that the reform is not pushed to any extreme. Moderation and consideration are the very foundation of any wisely conducted reform, and in no measure that has ever puzzled society have they been held as possible of application as they are in the one now under discussion.

Just to get on the right road will eradicate parasitism and speculation, which all condemn, we can take our time over the full realization of our communal rights. Freedom is what we want; a condition in which all will feel confident of receiving the full return of their efforts and this can never be reached until we recognize the sovereign right of the people to the land of their country.

Every man for himself, God's earth for us all.

F. C. THORNTON.

Colorado Springs, Feb. 3.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

I notice that some of your good people seem to think that the adoption of the single tax will tend to depress land values. This may prove true in some cases, of outlying lots that never had anything but a speculative value, but all experience goes to show that all really valuable lands will increase in value as the tax is taken off of all wealth that must use this land. The time may come when we can do our living in the air or all on the water, but for a while at any rate we must use the land. Any system that puts this land to the most economical use will raise its value, and also benefits mankind. One might have a fine draft team, capable of drawing a very heavy load, but if they were hitched to the load in such a manner that they could not use their strength, they would fail. Our load of taxation is hitched on the wrong place is hitched to industry with a choke collar when it should be hitched to the land value, which is created by the community and belongs to it.

In "Farm Loans and City Loans," published in Chicago, page 43, issue November, 1913, notice that in Edmonton the increase in land values only in 1912 was almost $64,000. This does not look like shrinkage in value of land.

I note also that some of your good citizens claim that Pueblo is in a muddle over single tax; that the amendment was carried by ignorant foreigners. The amendment in this city was carried by the most intelligent voters we have i. e., professional men, builders, real estate men and the like. How could the foreign voter understand single tax when the very intelligent people of your city are so obtuse on the subject?

We are in no muddle whatever. The county assessor is assessing the city property according to the single tax idea and we believe, in fact, we know, that it will compel various "dog-in-the-manger" owners, to either sell or put to use many valuable centers and lands, tending to close in our otherwise scattered city. We also know that the elimination of taxes will encourage industry to come that they will build in the city and not as now, just out of the city. We propose to lighten the burden on the small property owner and encourage every man to own his own home.

EDWIN B. HAVEN,
President Single Tax League.

Pueblo, Colo., Feb. 3.

HARD TIMES

BY GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS
Author of "As Good Old Siwash"

Hard times are regular visitors in every country, the kind of visitors who outwear their welcome before they have rung the doorbell.

Hard times may be caused by bad crops, or decayed industries, or war, or a government which is solid timber above the collar. Hard times may also be a species of sobering up. After a country has become so prosperous that people spend billions of dollars for stocks and bonds printed by eminent promoters on fast color presses and backed by rainbows and east wind, hard times usually come along as a sort of financial bromo-seltzer.

Like a Plymouth Rock hen trying to hatch chickens out of doorknobs.

The United States has hard times about once every 20 years, this being the only precedent followed with any devotion in this country. No one knows why we have hard times except perhaps a few great financiers, who will not tell for fear the grand jury might find out. Of late, we have had hard times for the same reason that an audience gets up at the cry of "fire" and tries to pass unanimously through a small door at the same moment. We have hard times because one pessimist whispers, another wags his head, a third sighs heavily, a fourth declares that he will curtail his production next year, a fifth says it is a shame for the party in power, which isn't his, to plunge the country into such woe, a sixth calls attention in large headlines to the fact that railroads are laying off men, and a seventh tells all comers that his bank cannot lend any more money and will sit henceforth on what it has like a devoted Plymouth Rock hen trying to hatch chickens out of doorknobs.

Soon after this, hard times arrives with baggage for an extensive stay, and the bread line becomes almost as long as the line in front of the theater when the ex-mistress of an ex-king is billed to exhibit.

Last year the crops of this country were worth more than the crops of any other year in history, and foreign nations bought more than loads of American goods than ever before. Yet a large number of people are spending most of their time exhorting the cautious to sell all they have for gold and to bury the gold back of the woodshed.

From which it might almost be concluded that hard times are caused chiefly by soft-heads.

(Copyrighted by George Matthew Adams.)

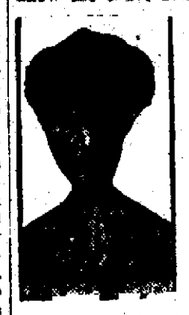
In Regard to Old Furniture

BY RUTH CAMPBELL

A letter friend asked me to say what I think of the craze for old furniture.

Well, then, the craze for old furniture is something I have no use for, but the taste for old furniture I most heartily approve.

I believe it was about 25 or 30 years ago that old furniture was first discovered in America. I don't know the exact details of the discovery, but I suppose that good taste, which for many years had been buried alive under black walnut and marble revived and reasserted itself in a few people of discrimination, and they began bringing down from their garrets the quaint old highboys, the stately secretaries, and the simple, dignified chairs and tables of the mahogany period.



The ideas of people of discrimination are always imitated and distorted by people without discrimination. Old furniture was the newest thing in home decoration. Wherefore, the horde of undiscriminating novelty seekers seized upon this idea and distorted it and the craze for old furniture came into existence.

People who are afflicted with this craze fill their houses with old furniture not because they appreciate its intrinsic beauty nor because it belongs to their ancestors and hence has associations for them, but merely because it is "the thing;" and, like all people who are frantically striving to do "the thing" without understanding why, they make themselves and "the thing" ridiculous.

"I can understand why people like their own old furniture which has been handed down to them as heirlooms," a friend of mine often says to me, "but I cannot see what anyone wants with other people's old furniture."

That is a point of view with which I partially sympathize, but not wholly. Of course, it's much nicer to possess family heirlooms and one prizes them far more highly than what one buys, but if your supply of heirlooms is small, I don't see why it isn't all right to eke it out by buying a few pieces. And right here let me put in a word for the reproduction. There are a great many people who would rather have the most rickety piece that is genuinely old than a sound and perfect reproduction. Myself, I wouldn't. That is, unless the old piece came from my own ancestors or had treasured associations with some person whom I admired. If it were simply a choice between a rickety old piece from some unknown garret or a sound new piece with the same color and beauty of outline I would take the new every time.

I have heard recently that black walnut furniture is becoming antique, and as such will be much sought after in the future. May the powers forbid. There would certainly be no justification in its intrinsic beauty for bringing back this old style. Not that the wood in itself is unbeautiful, but the things they made of it. The funereal marble topped tables, the slippery hair cloth chairs and sofas, and everywhere that thoroughly unbeautiful fussiness of line and decoration.

To love the old because it is beautiful is one thing; to love the ugly merely because it is old is quite another.

And that's what I think about the craze for old furniture.

Never think of buying a gift without first looking here.

Hardy's Gift Store
16 N. Tejon

IN THE EARLY DAYS

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

February 4, 1884

Sheriff Dana returned from Seattle with W. R. Thornell, wanted here for embezzlement, whom he had captured after a long chase.

The city council voted to buy a hose cart and erect a building for the newly-organized College Hose company.

J. M. Ellison, agent of the D. & R. G. in this city, returned from a trip to New York.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

February 4, 1894

Rev. W. L. Williams of Canon City addressed the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. and also occupied the pulpit at the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

Professor Parsons conducted the Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at the Christian church.

Rev. W. F. Taylor of Indianapolis preached at the Baptist church.

DOCTOR WARNS PUBLIC AGAINST BLIND FAITH IN RADIUM CANCER CURE

PITTSBURG, Feb. 3. Warning against blind faith in the cure of cancer by radium was voiced by Dr. Edward W. Reynolds of Boston at a public educational meeting of the American society for the Control of Cancer tonight.

Dr. Reynolds, who is vice president of the New England Medical society, asserted there is no evidence that radium had cured one advanced case of cancer. According to his view, the radium treatment of cancer is, up to the present time, an experiment, and successful results have been obtained chiefly in the treatment of external cancers, particularly of the skin.

The first principle in the treatment of cancer, Dr. Reynolds said, is the extreme danger of delay, and thus far thoroughly qualified operations seem to hold out the only hope for cure.

Frederick L. Hoff, statistician for a leading life insurance company, gave statistical evidence to support the warning to seek early operative treatment. He cited figures to show that records of hospitals tend to prove the assertion that the earliest possible operation seems to offer the only hope for cure.

SHOULDN'T STAND HITCHED

From the Denver Express.

The hide-bound press of the east is lambasting Postmaster General Burleson for his views on government ownership. Notable among such papers is the New York World, which, notwithstanding its "on-again-off-again" experience in the Sulzer matter, is trying hard to be a Democratic party organ, despite what conscience it may have.

"Government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines," says the World, "is no policy of the Democratic party. It never was a policy of the Democratic party."

Who cares what is or what has been the policy of the Democratic party? The Democratic party has not entrusted with power, last year, because it was the Democratic party. In fact, the majority of the people did not vote the Democratic ticket.

A lot of good things never were and are not the announced policy of the Democratic party, but that is no reason why the Democratic party should stand permanently hitched to a post, perpetually relying upon the same old bucket of molding oats for continued existence.

In passage of the tariff and currency acts, the Democratic administration has put symptoms of constructiveness, progressivism and positivism in the Democratic party, but it can no more live forever on that than can the Republican party live on its policies toward such issues as slavery, high protection and gold standard. The people do not pause long over the business of merely rewarding parties for their performance of duty or fulfillment of pledges.

The Democratic party will surely deserve the donkey as its "symblem" if it imagines that all it has to do now is to calmly consume oats and keep its tail and ears going to ward off the flies.

The telegraph and telephone companies have monopolized and gouged. There must be a remedy for it and the member of the cabinet who suggests one should be praised, not abused because his little old party hasn't made any suggestion.

1913 MINING DIVIDENDS TOTAL $76,215,014

From the Engineering and Mining Journal.

The total dividends amounted to $76,215,014 reported in 1913, while those of 1912 were $68,776,840. In neither year are the figures absolute, nor can they be. Certain corporations, and some of them not the least profitable, will make no public report of their dividends, while, as in the case of Nevada Consolidated and Utah Copper, some dividends are duplications of payments.

The dividends of the metallurgical and holding companies cannot be simply added to those of the mining companies as a gauge of total prosperity. For instance, the dividends of the Guggenheim Exploration company are to a large extent duplications of various mining companies' dividends. The United States Smelting, Refining & Mining company and the A. S. & R. company, however, do not allow the earning subsidiary corporations to be known, except in rare instances, and much of the profits of these corporations should properly show in mining dividends.

TURKEY TO PARTICIPATE IN FRISCO EXPOSITION

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—A telegram was received by the exposition officials today announcing that the state department at Washington was in receipt of a letter from the ambassador at Constantinople, transmitting a note to the effect that the imperial Turkish government had accepted the president's invitation to participate in the Panama-Pacific exposition.

This is the thirty-second national acceptance.

GUNMAN CHANGES PLEA TO GUILTY OF MURDER

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—A prison sentence for another gunman was made possible today, when Thomas Hyland, an alleged member of the "Gopher gang," pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree. Hyland killed John Murphy, a waiter, on January 5. He pleaded not guilty, but, after the prosecution had presented its case, decided to change his plea.

The penalty for murder in the second degree is imprisonment for not less than 20 years. Hyland was remanded for sentence to the Tombs for one week.

ODDS AND ENDS

"President Wilson told his friends afterward that he wished he could help, but saw no way to do it."—News dispatch.

It's pitiful to be as helpless as the president of the United States, isn't it?

If, however, the president really wants to help the women, and the Democratic party won't let him do it, why not come to the Progressives?

How can President Wilson continue to assert he can't recommend anything not previously indorsed by the party, after he has insisted on the Alaskan railway, national presidential primaries and an interstate trade commission, not one of which has ever been mentioned in a national Democratic platform?

One of the women who visited President Wilson said she had worked her finger nails off for his election. Probably she won't do it again.

General Villa's determination to abide by the rules of civilized warfare lasted just one day as the pool of blood beside Villa's house mutely testifies.

Instead of spending so much time on immigration, if congress would pass minimum wage and other employment standards immigration would fall off naturally. The demand for the cheapest labor would cease, and, with it, the efforts to induce immigration from south Europe.

Ramona will have to go without water. Ramona is about on its last legs, anyway. The attempt to build a city on booze hasn't met with gratifying success.

That Pindell letter may have been a forgery, as Senator Lewis claims—but it has kept Pindell from being ambassador, at that. It was evidently a most clever forgery.

Denver has been denied a rehearing of its tax-dodging case. It begins to look as if, at last, Denver would really have to pay up.

Now Congressman Keating wants the Colorado sugar trust probed. All right; the more investigations we have the merrier.

The reporter showed consideration in not printing the name of the servant girl who has just invested $5,500 in city bonds. She would be overwhelmed with marriage proposals if only a large number of impecunious gentlemen could find her.

Mrs. Lois H. Allen has graduated from society editor into the class of newspaper magnates, through the purchase of the Manitou Journal. She will give Manitou the liveliest paper it has ever known, and Manitou, in return, ought to give her its heartiest support.

There seems to be some difficulty about this removal of Mr. Murphy from the New York Democracy. Just as the G. O. P. is still engaged in the arduous task of derricking Mr. Barnes.

All you have to do to get your picture in the Denver News these days is to favor the retail water plan.

"I feel that this state has a right to its own resources," says Governor Ammons. Suppose, then, the government were to require it to settle its own labor disturbances?

If that scheme of the Progressives to pension all old people becomes a law, virtue will no longer be its own reward.—Pueblo Chieftain.

But virtue, while a most desirable commodity, doesn't feed a man who is old and can't work.

We can forgive the Democrats much in that they have given us Tynan.—Colorado Springs Gazette.

If we make him our candidate for governor, shall we have complete absolution?—El Paso County Democrat.

Afraid not. Asking us to forget Ammons that soon is asking a little too much.

Col. Roosevelt has sent instructions to some of his lieutenants that there must be no compromise with the Republican party that gave him all his honors and that he rewarded by deserting and abusing his best friends and those who were loyal to him.—Idaho Springs Siftings-News.

Did the G. O. P. make Roosevelt, or did Roosevelt prolong the life of the G. O. P.? At least, there didn't seem to be much left of the old party after T. R. jumped the reservation.

James M. Knight, on account of failing health, has resigned as manager of the Leadville Herald-Democrat. He was one of the oldest newspaper men in the state, and one of Colorado's best editorial writers. He is succeeded by Frank E. Vaughn, another oldtime Leadville newspaper man.

By the close alliance of Republicans and Progressives it may be possible to wrest Colorado from the wrecking crew that is ruining the state financially.—Fort Collins Express.

What particular advantage would it be to take Colorado from the hands of Ammons, Kenehan, et al, and transfer it to Guggenheim, Waterman, Devine et al?

"It is our turn next, praise the Lord," says the Marker-Review, chronicling the DeBeque oil discovery. There's no question but that a large area of the western slope contains oil.

Receipts of the Adams Express company in Fort Worth, Tex., for liquor shipments dropped from $200 to nothing, owing to the Webb-Kenyon law.—Colorado edition American Issue.

Maybe before long the brewers will be forced to admit that prohibition is beginning to prohibit.

Billy Sunday, the evangelist, does leave some indelible tracks. As a result of his present visit in Pittsburg two of that city's dailies have refused henceforth to accept liquor advertising. Even those who disagree with the Rev. Billy's theology must commend the whole-hearted manner in which he soaks the saloons wherever he goes.

Reorganization of the Rock Island has never been determined upon. Railroad men are recognizing the [illegible] of squeezing out the water.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

1/3 off

on

BOYS' SUITS

We would like to have you investigate the extensiveness and great value of these suits, early this week.

We can't keep them on sale much longer.

Perkins-Shearer Co.

DECISION REVERSED IN FEHRINGER ESTATE SUIT

In an opinion handed down by the supreme court in Denver, the decision of the local district court in favor of the defendant in the suits of Adolph Fehringer, administrator of the estate of Otto Fehringer, against the F. H. Martin-Drug company, for $7,646 and $4,100 respectively, was reversed.

In the complaints, filed here in 1909, Fehringer alleged that the F. H. Martin Drug company was incorporated and an agreement entered into between Martin and Otto Fehringer whereby the former was to conduct the drug store at 26 South Tejon street because the city council had declined to grant Fehringer a liquor license. The agreement was alleged to have been made in 1906.

According to one complaint the sum of $4,100 was still due the Fehringer estate on the purchase price. The other suit was to obtain the capital stock in the company held by Martin. According to the complaint, when the council declined to give Fehringer a liquor license he made an agreement with Dr. F. H. Martin, then city chemist, whereby the latter was to appear as the head of the company.

It was alleged that Fehringer gave Martin a bill of sale in order that he might clearly establish his title to the drug store and thus be able to obtain a liquor license. Fehringer was shot and mortally wounded by an unidentified assailant, February 18, 1908, north of Colorado Springs, and many of his papers, which he carried on his person, were scattered about and lost.

Water Shut Off in Ramona; to Appeal

Mayor C. L. McKesson yesterday instructed the water department of Colorado Springs to shut off the water supply of the saloons in the new town of Ramona, north of Colorado City. The action was taken after Judge W. S. Morris of the district court had decided in favor of Colorado Springs in a suit brought by Ramona saloon proprietors to obtain an injunction to prevent this city from refusing to sell them water. The case may be appealed to the supreme court.

Safe and machinery moving. Pikes Peak Transfer and Storage Co. Phone 160 Adv.

CARSON LOSES IN FIGHT FOR ISABELLA CONTROL

Needing 27,826 votes, R. M. Carson of this city was unsuccessful in his attempt to gain control of the Isabella Mines company at the annual meeting held Monday in Cheyenne, Wyo. President Ira Harris and his administration, representing the Burns faction, were retained. Stockholders and proxy holders representing 2,200,000 shares were present at the meeting. The directors elected were Ira Harris, H. A. Lunt, E. E. Quentin, J. E. Cox and R. M. Carson. The directors will meet in this city tomorrow to elect officers.

Mother's Advice To Her Daughter

"An Ideal Delta Faithful W[illegible] Confiding"

[illegible] of the most important matters about which women concern themselves is the future status as a grandmother. And she is wisdom itself who knows of or learns of that famous remedy, Mother's Friend. This is an external application for the abdominal muscles and breasts. It certainly has a wonderful influence, allays all pain, banishes all pain, is a most grateful lubricant to the young, expectant mother, and permits her to go through the period happy in mind, free in body and untrammelled to anticipate woman's greatest happiness as nature intended she should.

The action of Mother's Friend makes the muscles free, pliant and responsive to expansion. Thus all strain and tension upon the nerves and ligaments is avoided, and, in place of a period of discomfort and a season of dread, it is a season of calm delightful and joyful expectation.

There is no nausea, no morning sickness, no nervous twitching, none of that constant strain known to so many women. Mother's Friend is really one of the greatest blessings that could be devised.

This splendid and certain relief may be had of any druggist at $1.00 a bottle, and is sure to prove of incalculable value, not only in the mother, but upon the health and comfort of the child. Write to Bradfield Regulator Co., 132 Lamar Bldg. Atlanta, Ga., for their Book to expectant mothers.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME SWINE; HEALTH OFFICE COMEDY IN THREE LETTERS

Being the Tale of a Herd of Hogs Kept Inside City Limits 'Till Protests Cause Action

Pigs is pigs. Rich is rich. Poor is poor. Health officer, do your duty!

Urged by the imploring voice of the people, expressed through the medium of a free press and "what as she is wrote," Health Commissioner Frost has been casting out swine from the city gates, and the porkers weren't related to the groundhog in this case, either. But anyone will admit that the "city ain't no place for hawgs."

The latest whirl at the city office started last week and has run through several afternoon and evening performances. It is a neat little comedy in three letters, and the scenario was furnished by the star pupil of some correspondence school. The script for the comedy, without any literary corrections by the scenario editor, follows. The pulling and hauling of scathing rebuke to the board of health came through the mail. The galley boy is responsible for slinging the material into shape for presentation. Here it is:

ON THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME SWINE.

In one reel and a roll.

Sub-title: "A LAWYER FROM THE PEE-PUL."

Scene 1—Mayor McKesson discovered in office reading the Colorado Springs Gazette. Enter office boy, with letter. Mayor opens and reads:

Mayor McKesson:

Dear Sir—I see the city is incumbered with a herd of hogs within a few blocks of city hall. What is the health board of our city doing? Get them drowsy sleepers out to looking around and see what the people is doing. Please wiz to it at once or the board of health will be exposed through the paper.

Mayor laughs, then grows serious. Exits.

Scene 2—Office of Health Commissioner Frost. Mr. Frost asleep in chair. Enter mayor. Shows letter to Frost. Frost looks agitated. Waves arms as though delivering legal pasteurity. Exit mayor. Frost pushes bell. Calls in lackeys. Exit all.

Sub-title: "ANYBODY HERE SEEN PIGGY?"

Scene 3—Board of health men on street looking for pigs. They search everywhere except in city hall shake heads, signifying nothing doing. Exit into city hall.

Scene 4—Frost enters mayor's office. Shakes head to mayor.

Leader: "Sir, there are no pigs to be found in the city limits, sir."

Sub-title: "ANOTHER MESSAGE FROM THE UNKNOWN."

Scene 5—Mayor's office. McKesson receives another letter.

Mr. Kesson sir—why is it that one person can keep a pen of hogs in a block of the city hall and others dare not keep one, claime your health board is doing so much good can a poor man is as good as anyone get that city hall department out and hunt that pen of hogs or we will no the cause and very soon now take hand.

Scene 6—Mayor reads letter just brought in:

SUB-TITLE: "THREE DAYS GONE AND STILL NO PIGS FOUND."

LETTER NO. 3 ARRIVES.

Scene 6—Mayor reads letter just brought in:

It seems like your board of health dont look after the heard of hogs in town. why is it that a rich man is batter than pore ones. Get them sleepy chumps out and look that pen of hogs up and fine the men for keeping them in town or something will be doing enough people know it to give you trouble. Might have to put our hand on the pen. The man is no better than anyone else have him up before police court like you have the automobile people and fine him ore something is going on look for the pigs at H. A. R. G. take heed.

Enter Commissioner Frost. Mayor shows letter. Frost shows head knowingly.

Leader: "H. A. R. G. means something, sir. I will go at once and search for the pigs."

Frost exits. Mayor and members of board of health settle back to wait. Reenter Frost. Shows much agitation, though beaming with a praiseless smile.

Leader: "Sir mayor, the pigs are found. They have been sent from the temple. The owners promise to be good and keep no more swine in the city limits. Shlood, sir, to think pigs within five blocks of the city hall!"

Business of mayor and board of health joining hands and rejoicing. All let go and flop to chairs, take up their respective magazines and start the daily reading. Commissioner Frost turns to jewelry catalog and looks over designs for wedding rings.

Fin.

155,479,000 Gallons of Water Were Used First Month of Year

According to the January report of the water department, submitted to Mayor McKesson yesterday by Water Works Superintendent B. B. McReynolds, the supply of water in the mountain reservoirs during the month decreased 7,316,000 gallons. The flow in the streams belonging to the department was 5,300,000 daily. During the month, 155,479,000 gallons of water were used, a daily average of 5,016,461 gallons. The pumpage from pumping stations Nos. 4 and 5 was 2,160,000 gallons daily during January. The following table shows the water in storage January 1, 1914:

	Gallons.
Reservoir No. 7	6,000,000
Reservoir No. 3	80,000,000
Reservoir No. 2	[illegible]
Reservoir No. 4	600,311,000
Reservoir No. 5	657,[illegible]
Lake Moraine	100,[illegible]
Total	1,[illegible]

S. H. CLARK ENDS SERIES OF DRAMATIC READINGS

Richard Third and Vanity Fair, Given Yesterday, Were Both Largely Attended.

With the reading of "Richard III" yesterday afternoon and "Vanity Fair" last night, Prof. S. H. Clark ended his 1914 series of dramatic readings in Colorado Springs. Large crowds attended both readings, and assured him at the close that they would expect him in 1915 as they have for the several years past, since he has been coming to Colorado Springs.

"Richard III" is the tragedy of will triumphant, and that will absolutely selfish and without pity. "Hamlet," which Professor Clark read Friday night, is the tragedy of a paralyzed will. Richard III is a world removed from Hamlet; the one, remorseless, presses on to his selfish victory, the other, refining and testing the philosophy of right and wrong, is the plaything of fate.

Both Richard III and Hamlet die, but, according to Professor Clark, their deaths are different as their life. Shakespeare carefully distinguishes two ends, the physical and the spiritual. And while the physical ends of Richard and of Hamlet are alike, the one dies forever, while the spirit of Hamlet as surely lives as Richard's dies. To Richard, death is but the end of a life that had become a living death, to Hamlet it is the solution of those riddles that had puzzled him on earth and held his will in chains. And so, Professor Clark says, is the death of all Shakespeare's heroes and villains; with the former death is but the putting on of immortality, with the latter it is the inevitable end of lives lived for self alone.

As Professor Clark had but an hour and a half in the afternoon, he had to confine his readings in "Richard III" to those passages that illustrated the development of the man's villainy—the most perfect villain of all drama, Professor Clark maintains, with the possible exception of Iago. "Richard," at the end, after the ghosts of his victims had visited him, had a shadow of conscience; Iago had but the shadow of a shadow of conscience."

Richard, he said, pictured himself, will triumphant and inexorable, when he said, "I am myself alone." Professor Clark, however, scored those actors who make Richard a blustering, coarse villain. He must have been, said the reader, a consummate actor, the perfection of hypocrisy. And he could have been this only as he had been able to deceive those persons with whom he was constantly in contact: Clarence, Anne, Buckingham, and all the others. No mere bungler could have imposed on all these; Richard was perfect in his art, and only that actor can play him who makes him soft-voiced, gentle-mannered bold in action putting aside his mask only when absolutely alone.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson Will Lecture Tonight

Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the noted New York physician, writer and lecturer, will deliver an address on the Aristocracy Myth" tonight at 8:30 o'clock at the First Methodist Episcopal church. The lecture will deal with vital social questions of today and will be handled in a humorous vein. Immediately preceding the lecture, Dr. Hutchinson will be entertained at a dinner at the El Paso club by the El Paso County Medical society.

MISS CATHERINE HURLEY

Who died recently at 218 North Spruce street, was a resident of this city for many years. She was born of very respectable parents in the picturesque village of Mullinahone, County Tipperary, Ireland, and was a cousin of the late Charles J. Kickham, star patriot and poet of the same pretty village of Mullinahone, and for whom a monument has been erected by the Irish people. Miss Hurley has relatives living in Mullinahone, and she often expressed a wish to see the grave of Charles J. Kickham.

Let me kneel in the dew or the rain or snow,
When the sun to the west has gone,
By the grave where the ashes of Kickham rest,
In the heart of an Irish lawn.
For I'd cling to the hope for which Kickham died,
To the faith that he made his own,
When his head to the Angelus bell he bowed,
In the evens at Mullinahone.

R. I. P.

KATE AGNES WALSH
(Irish World please copy.)

Mr. and Mrs. James Macklin of McVeytown, Pa., are visitors in the Pikes Peak region staying at the Alamo.

PRAYER MEETING—The prayer meeting at the Second Presbyterian church tonight will be in charge of the Christian Endeavor. Miss Lela Smith will lead the meeting.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

All changes and additions for the next issue of the telephone directory must be in our office not later than February 7. The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co. Adv.

San Antonio, Texas, the famous "Mission City," has one of the most beautiful and modern hotels in the U. S.—the St. Anthony. Now under the management of W. O. Brinker. Adv.

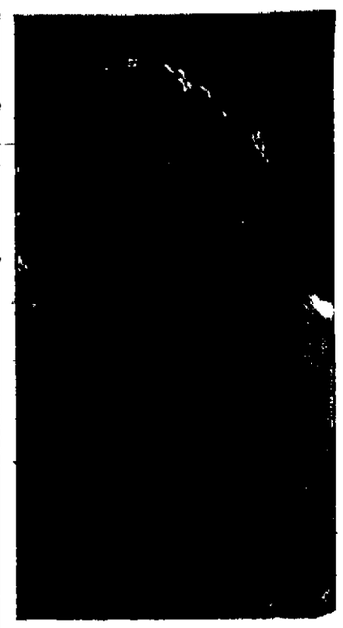
If you need a second-hand stove, we have several good ones for sale. Lowell-Meserve Hardware Co., 106 S. Tejon. Adv.

TEMPERAMENT IS GIFT OF GODS

PAVLOWA FAVORITE ON OLYMPUS

That much misused word, "temperament," which is sometimes employed to cloak a multitude of sins, sometimes to describe a near approach to genius, or at others to illustrate or explain the foibles of an unbalanced mental development, naturally finds its only true meaning and expression in the concrete product of true artistic creation. Without it poetry, prose, painting, music, are spiritless and dull. And if this be true of art in general, how much more so of that most ancient of all arts, which has only in recent times been accorded that place to which it is entitled among the gifts of the muses.

Temperament can be envied, but never acquired, and so the incomparable Anna Pavlowa stands in a class by herself, because to the most finished and perfect skill she brings that elusive gift of the gods which raises her work to the level of creative art inspired by genius. Here is genius which is able to take a masterpiece of music and visualize it into objective perception, which can express every gamut of the emotions suggested by the music—love, joy, fear, passion, desire, despair. And it is that which makes Mlle. Pavlowa's art unique. She fulfills the double purpose of giving expression to the mood of the composer, while at the same time enchanting the eye with her infinite lightness and supple grace. Eye and ear form a compliment which results in sheer delight.



MLLE. ANNA PAVLOWA

Mlle. Pavlowa, with her famous Russian organization and complete symphony orchestra, under the direction of Theodore Stier, will give two performances at the Opera house Saturday.

COLLECTOR SKINNER COMING TO EXPLAIN MYSTERIES OF INCOME TAX REGULATION

Meeting to Be Held at Chamber of Commerce Friday Night; Everybody Invited

If you really want to be numbered among the elite of the town, you should be present at the Chamber of Commerce rooms Friday night at 8 o'clock. Everybody's invited. All those rich in worldly goods, and some not so rich, are going to be there. Mark A. Skinner will be on hand to analyze the income tax law. Skinner is head of the income tax bureau for Colorado and Wyoming, and he is going to take a night off and set the local public right on the fine points of the new regulation.

The income tax has affected a large number of people. Also a large number of people are trying to affect it. Those who are in on the law are trying to get out, while many of those who are out are trying to get in. Your presence at the meeting Friday will indicate to your friends and the society editor that you are really much noticing, based on the assumption that you wouldn't be interested in the meeting if you didn't have an income affected by the new law.

Anyway, it won't hurt you to be there Friday, for, unless you are a newspaper man or a school teacher, you may some day really have the coveted income necessary to make you a sure enough income taxed citizen.

Mr. Skinner has been making up his list of those eligible to the tax, and has had some trouble keeping the name of some people out. "Why," said one lady who had sent for an application blank and returned it filled out and with money due, "I must be on the list. All of my friends are, and I don't want to be behind them a bit." Mr. Skinner had just told her that her income was not large enough to be taxed. She wanted on the list anyway.

To be married is bliss for once, funny papers and bachelors notwithstanding. The married man can can have an income of $4,000 and still be exempt from the tax whereas a single man can not have more than $3,000 a year if he wishes to dodge the income collector. Everywhere the new law is driving men to matrimony.

All 1913 returns must be made to Collector Skinner not later than March 1. Inasmuch as a heavy penalty in the way of imprisonment or a fine, or both, is imposed for failure to report a taxable income, it behooves those who are eligible to see that Mr. Skinner gets their names without delay. If there are any little details about which any one is uncertain, he may learn the facts from Mr. Skinner Friday night.

The income tax law became effective March 1, 1913; therefore, the tax will be assessed for only 10 months in 1913. This tax must be paid not later than June 30, 1914. Because of the late mailing of the blank certificates, Skinner is not able at this time to estimate accurately the amount of revenue to be derived from the tax in this district.

Experts say that the government will collect nearly $70,000,000 annually from individuals throughout the nation, and that corporations will pay in an additional $50,000,000. However, the government will have to pay a large sum for the collection of the tax.

To the average person the new law is worse than Greek to a school boy so far as understanding goes. Once understood, though, it is easy. The schedule is so arranged that the wealthy man has to pay considerably more in proportion than the man whose income comes just within the $3,000 taxable limit.

But there is no use to explain the law here so that one can't understand it. Mr. Skinner will turn the simplifying rays upon the whole situation Friday night at the Chamber of Commerce rooms.

TONIGHT! TONIGHT! TONIGHT!

DON'T FAIL to see CAPT. RACKET, a COMEDY DRAMA in three acts, to be produced by the COLORED DRAMATIC CLUB of Colorado Springs, at ROBBINS HALL, for the benefit of The Church of Epiphany. Curtain rises promptly at 8:30 p. m. Admission, 25c. All are cordially invited to attend. Adv.

Speechless For Thanks

Mena, Ark.—"I find Cardui to be all you represent," writes Mrs. H. B. York, of this city. "I suffered from womanly ailments, for nearly two years, before I tried Cardui. I have been so relieved since taking it I cannot say enough in its praise. It has done me a world of good, and I recommend Cardui to all women." Cardui is over 50 years old, and the demand is greater today than ever. Cardui is the standard, tonic medicine, for women of every age. Would you like to be well and strong? Then take Cardui. Its record shows that it will help you. Begin today. Why wait? Adv.

Epicurean Opinion

Coffee must have care and attention in selection and blending to suit the epicurean. We exert great care and see that every pound of

DERNGOOD FRESHLY ROASTED COFFEE

is carefully and scientifically handled, because we consider coffee an indispensable item of daily diet. A phone call will reach us.

THE DERN TEA AND COFFEE CO.

Makers of Fine Candies.

25 S. Tejon. Phone 575

Princess

Special for Today

REELS 5 REELS

Pathe Weekly—The Latest Issue

The Girl at the Gate

When the Earth Was Carpeted

The Perfect Truth

Being the First Picture in a Series of

Dolly of the Dailies

This series is one of Edison's and will become more popular than all previous continued stories.

Be sure to see the first one.

FRIDAY—John Barrymore, in "An American Citizen," 4 reel comedy drama.

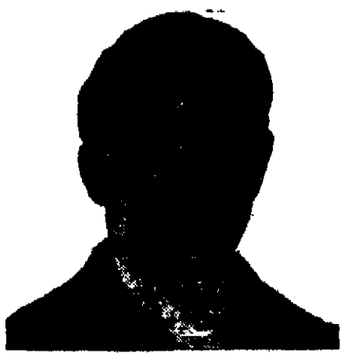
Eats Freely But Has No Dyspepsia

A Little Pepsin in a Mild Laxative Promptly Corrected a Bad Indigestion

Fortunate is the one who can eat "anything" without suffering the tortures of dyspepsia, but as few are so fortunate, care should be taken in the matter of diet. Eating slowly, masticating the food thoroughly and taking a short walk after the heavy meal of the day will do much towards assisting digestion. Any grown-up person ought to know the peculiar foods that do not agree and these should be avoided.

When these common-sense aids fail the next thing to do is to take a mild digestive tonic with laxative properties, and there is none better than Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It contains the greatest of all aids to digestion, good pepsin. It has other ingredients that act mildly on the bowels, which together form a combination for the relief of dyspepsia or indigestion that is unsurpassed.

Its action is to tone and strengthen the stomach and bowel muscles so that they can again do their work naturally without outside aid, and when that happy moment comes all medicine can be dispensed with. It is the best remedy obtainable for any disorder of the stomach, liver and bowels, for dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, headaches, drowsiness after eating, gas on the stomach, etc. Thousands of users will testify to this, among them Mr. J. W. Goucher, Stites, Idaho, who for several years had all the worst symptoms



J. W. GOUCHER

of chronic dyspepsia. Since taking Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin these have all gone and although Mr. Goucher says he is 64 he does not look more than 46.

Syrup Pepsin is sure in its results, and a vast improvement over chewing or swallowing tablets and mints, or taking cathartics, salts, etc., all of which are harsh and nauseous and at best do but temporary good. You can obtain Syrup Pepsin at any drug store for fifty cents or one dollar a bottle. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it postpaid by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 419 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. A postal card with your name and address on it will do.

MRS. MOWRY IS ELECTED TO PLAYGROUND BOARD

Mrs. Katherine K. Mowry, vice president of the board of education, was elected to represent the school board on the city playground commission at a special meeting of the board last night. The school board elected a representative at the request of the city council and Mrs. Mowry will serve on a commission consisting of a representative from the city council, the park board and two others. The regular meeting of the board of education will be held this evening.

TEACHER-TRAINING SCHOOL TO RENEW WORK TOMORROW

The El Paso County Sunday school teacher-training school will begin the second semester of its work tomorrow evening at 7:45 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium. Professor Breitwieser will give an address on "Sunday School Pedagogy," and there will be training classes for teachers of primary pupils, boys, girls and adults. The lectures on the "Social Teaching of the Prophets" will be continued, the Rev. Merle N. Smith giving three on "Isaiah" and the Rev. Samuel Garvin three on "Jeremiah". Other lectures on the same general theme will be arranged.

Death and Funeral

The funeral of Mrs. Louisa B. Weeks will be held from St. Stephens church this morning at 11 o'clock. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

The funeral of Miss Mary Florence Sparling will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the undertaking rooms of Foesterman & Root, Colorado City. Interment will be made in Fairview cemetery.

William J. Rowland, aged 24, a resident of Independence, Kan., died yesterday at a local hospital. He came to this city last July on account of his health. He is survived by two sisters, Miss Mary Rowland and Miss Josephine Rowland, who were at his bedside at the time of death. The body is at Fairley's undertaking rooms. Burial will be at Independence.

A "Social Service Bulletin" is published by the Washington (D. C.) public library, for the purpose of making known to social workers the latest information in their field.

Maybe Your Wife

might like a two weeks vacation. Did that ever occur to you? She needs a rest, too. She tires of seeing the same things day after day. Get her a ticket over any rail line to New York or New Orleans, thence on a 10,000 ton

Southern Pacific Steamship

to New Orleans or New York. Thence any rail line home.

Don't you imagine she would thoroughly joy such a trip? Ask her. It will cost you only

$97.80 for Two Weeks on Land and Sea

and this includes berth and meals on ship, with stopovers at New York or New Orleans. One-way fare to New York via New Orleans and Southern Pacific Steamships $[illegible]. For further information and details of trip write to

H. F. Kemp, General Agent
313 Railway Exchange Bldg., Denver, Col.

THE AUDITORIUM HOTEL Denver

CONVENIENT QUIET—HOMELIKE

TRY IT

Colorado Springs

OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, Feb. 7, 1914

MATINEE AND NIGHT
2:15 8:15

"The Joy of Living Personified"

Mlle. Anna Pavlowa

"Divinity of the Dance."—N. Y. Sun, Nov. 4

with

M. NOVIKOFF

AND GREAT COMPANY OF MATCHLESS DANCERS

COMPLETE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
THEODORE STIER, Conductor.

"Soul of the Dance. New Ballet Standard."—N. Y. World, Nov. 4. "Greater artist than ever before. Brilliant productions. Exotic Splendors."—N. Y. Press, Nov. 4.

Programs different at each performance.

"Gavotte Pavlowa" Society's latest craze at each performance.

MAIL ORDERS NOW.

Prices: Parquet, $3.00; Dress Circle, $2.50; Balcony, 6 rows, $1.[illegible] Balance, $1.50. Gallery, $1.00. Boxes, $3.50, $2.00, $1.50. Regular sale opens Monday, February 2.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Final Clearance

Now is your chance to get good clothes for almost nothing. Note prices:

All Suits formerly selling up to $30.00, now **$16.50**

All Suits formerly selling at $33.00 to $45.00 (blacks and blues included), now **$25.00**

One lot of Overcoats, selling formerly at $20.00, now **$10.00**

One lot of Suits, size 33, selling up to $40.00, now **$10.00**

All Woolens for made-to-measure garments reduced **25%**

M. GREENBERG

New York Tailor and Clothier.
16 S. Tejon.

--and the Worst Is Yet to Come

WHAT THE PRESS AGENTS SAY

VAUDEVILLE—OPERA HOUSE

Opening tomorrow afternoon, an entire new bill will be offered at the Opera house. Five new acts and a reel of Crystal comedies will be presented.

This show is headed by the famous Garrison Models featuring the most perfectly formed woman in the world, Miss Henrietta Garrison who will appear at every performance. Miss Garrison is considered by experts to be the equal, if not the superior to Miss Annette Kellerman.

Carl Reed's farcical black art and white animal act is one of the most grotesque comedy acts ever shown in this city. For 20 minutes there is never a dull second—it is a continual scream from start to finish.

Kryer and Kurtis present a very good musical act playing many different instruments including the xylophone and other freak creations. They should please those musically inclined.

Vincent and Raymond a dapper young pair, will present their latest skit, known as "Names Don't Count," which gives them ample opportunity to sing some very late songs. Mr Vincent is a capable exponent of soft-shoe dancing. This style of dancing is slowly dying out and only a few of the veterans of the old school such as Mr Vincent can entertain an audience with this, the original form of clog dancing.

DuBois and Young in a singing and dancing act, are booked for the closing number.

KREISLER CONCERT

As yet little is heard of Fritz Kreisler the composer, as compared with Fritz Kreisler, the violinist. Yet there are those who believe that if the great artist would only take the time to devote himself to composition he would make a name equal in fame to that which he has as an executive musician. He has as yet so far as is known, attempted nothing in large form at any rate nothing of his in the larger forms has been published or even performed but he has added some exquisite pieces to the repertoire of the solo violinist in addition to his invaluable work in reviving the compositions of the Italian and French masters of the 17th and 18th centuries. Kreisler is a Viennese, born and bred and his music reflects the sparkle and vivacity of the people of that city. No musicians have a stronger sense of rhythm than those that come from Vienna which finds its finest illustration in the inimitable waltzes Viennese composers have given us. In [illegible] respects his most notable accomplishment in composition is the Caprice Viennoise which he will play much during his present tour of America.

Mr Kreisler has said in an interview:

"You may be surprised to learn that I originally wrote and arranged these pieces for my own programs without any thought of ever publishing them. I played them and found that many were beginning to imitate them. In self defense I published them and their reception by the public has truly astonished me. My Liebesfreud, Liebeslied and Schon-Rosmarin are original not arrangements though I brought them out as Alt-Wiener Tanz Weisen (Old Vienna Dance Tunes), so that when I played them I would not have the name Kreisler as composer so often on the program.

New, to date warehouse. Private locked compartments. Pikes Peak Transfer and Storage Co. Phone 160. Adv.

Douglas Fine Chocolates for those who care at C. M. Sherman. Adv.

THE GARRISON SISTERS
Featuring the Vaudeville Bill, Which Opens at the Opera House Tomorrow

SHOE Department

Best Makes on the Market Johnston & Murphy, Ralston and Douglas, for Men; Sorosis for Ladies.

Any $5.00 Shoe—Sale Price **$3.65**

Any $4.50 grade Sale Price **$3.35**

Any $4.00 Grade Sale Price **$2.95**

Any $3.50 grade Sale Price **$2.65**

Any $3.00 grade Sale Price **$2.30**

Any $2.50 grade—Sale Price **$1.95**

Special lot of Ralston and Douglas Patent Leather Shoes, for men; regular price $4.00. Sale Price **$2.35**

Holbrook's Corner

Holeproof Hosiery, 6 pairs 6 months. No holes.

Daily Fashion Note.

Copyright 1914 by The Criterion of Fashion.

NEW YORK, *February 4th, 1914.*

Dear Mary:—

Very simple and sweet is this little chapeau. A forerunner of spring. Flowers and fruit are used in the trimming, and a perky bow of lace rests airily on the back of the crown. This is a hat that demands the demure little face of an ingénue, these are few and far between, however, in this day of over sophistication, but some of us might try to cultivate this expression as we have the debutante slouch and the various spineless, boneless attitudes with which we have been so successful lately. Nothing like trying. We might even acquire the poke bonnet face who knows?

Many of the new hats show these quaint lines, and most of them are extremely dainty and becoming.

Helpfully,

ADELE

EASY TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR

You can Bring Back Color and Lustre with Sage Tea and Sulphur

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture though at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger. Adv.

LOCAL REPUBLICANS WILL ATTEND LINCOLN DINNER

A number of prominent Republicans of Colorado Springs are planning to attend the Lincoln day dinner in Denver February 12. Jesse F. McDonald, chairman of the Republican state central committee, has made reservations for R. L. Holland, Irving Howbert, Judges W. S. Morris, J. W. Shearer and J. E. Little, D. F. Law, F. A. Perkins, R. L. Chambers and Judge H. G. Lunt. United States Senator Cummins will be the principal speaker at the dinner.

The Republican executive committee will also meet February 12 to outline the work for the coming campaign. The Republican Newspaper association will meet at the annual dinner at the Albany, tendered by the Pueblo Chieftain.

FIVE DOLLARS GIVEN TO HELP SICK YOUTH

Five dollars has been raised by the Associated Charities toward the amount of $22.50 which it is trying to get together to pay the fare of a sick young man back to his home in Chicago. The lad was duped into coming west by a Chicago employment agency which took his last cent under the pretense of getting him work in Wyoming. Of course the work didn't materialize and the boy has been beating his way back to his home for the last few weeks. Early last week he arrived in Colorado Springs in a pitiful condition. Nights in boxcars and in tie piles covered with snow proved too much for him in his weak physical condition. He could travel no further. The Charities will send him back to Chicago at once if it can possibly raise the necessary railroad fare.

APPLY FOR MEMBERSHIP IN REGIONAL RESERVE BANK

Application for membership in the regional reserve bank for this district, which probably will be established in Denver, has been made by the national banks of Colorado Springs. Under the new currency law the banks are required to take stock to an amount equal to one-sixth of their capital and surplus stock, which will make a total of about $270,000 for the four national banks of this city. Just when arrangements for the new bank will be completed is indefinite at this time. The establishing of the regional bank districts and the naming of the cities where they will be located is still to be accomplished.

DR. CORWIN LECTURES TEMPLE OF DAALBEC

Dr. T. W. Corwin of Pueblo delivered an interesting lecture, illustrated with lantern slides, before the Scottish Rite association last night at the Masonic temple. His subject was the ruins of the great temple of Daalbec, in Syria. A large number of Masons and their friends were present.

Annette Kellerman Is Seriously Hurt When Big Glass Tank Bursts

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Feb. 3.—While giving a performance in the Bermuda aquarium today, Annette Kellerman, the Australian swimmer, and Herbert Brennan sustained severe injuries owing to the bursting of a glass tank containing 8,000 gallons of water.

The pressure became too great and the glass front gave way with a crash. The tremendous rush of water sucked the occupants across the jagged edges of the glass. Miss Kellerman was seriously lacerated on the left side, while Brennan was gashed seriously in the arms and legs.

Brennan was removed to a hospital, and Miss Kellerman was taken to a hotel.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF RECEIVING BIDS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Trustees of The Myron Stratton Home at their office No. 117 East Pikes Peak avenue Colorado Springs from 9 a m February 16th, until 2 p m March 9th 1914, for the complete construction of Fifteen Cottages and a Dining Room and Service Building, according to the plans and specifications therefor which may be examined at No 16 Independence Building Colorado Springs on and after February 16th 1914.

All proposals must be upon forms furnished by the Trustees.

A sufficient bond will be required of the successful bidder. A certified check for Five hundred dollars, ($500.00), payable to The Myron Stratton Home must accompany each bid as a guarantee of good faith.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

WM LLOYD
Secretary

Colorado Springs, Colo.
January 31st 1914

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Mary McKinney Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company room 306 Exchange National Bank Building, Colorado Springs, Colo., on Monday, February 9th 1914 at 10 o'clock a m of said day for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock will close on Monday, February, 2nd, 1914, at 2 o'clock noon, and reopen at 9 o'clock a m on the day following final adjournment of said meeting.

CHAS. CASTELLO
Secretary

Colorado Springs Colorado,
January 9th, 1914

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS DEFERRED ANNUAL MEETING

Colorado Springs, Colo., January 9 1914

The Deferred Annual Meeting of the Montreal Gold Mining company for the election of Directors to receive the reports of the various officers of the company and to act upon the same, and especially to take action regarding the company's indebtedness and to provide means for meeting the same, either by voluntary assessment of the stockholders the sale of the property, or otherwise and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held on February 9, 1914 at Room 300, Burns building, Colorado Springs, Colo. Monday at 2 p m.

F H GAY
Secretary.

Experienced Smokers "Roll Their Own"

When a man gets smoke-wise by experience, his taste craves a *deep satisfaction* that only the cigarettes he *makes for himself*, to suit his own taste, can *fully gratify*. He learns to *roll his own* fresh, fragrant cigarettes from ripe, mellow "Bull" Durham tobacco.

"Rolling his own" becomes a *second nature* with him. He takes the *keenest pleasure* in fashioning his own cigarettes with his own hands, to his own liking, and is proud of his skill. He is no longer a novice, but a *thirty-third degree smoke veteran* in the eyes of men the world over.

GENUINE
"BULL" DURHAM
SMOKING TOBACCO

(Enough for forty hand-made cigarettes in each 5c sack)

Cigarettes hand-made from "Bull" Durham have a *rich fragrance* and *smooth, mellow flavor*, wonderfully comforting and satisfying. This good, pure tobacco gives *complete enjoyment* and *lasting satisfaction* to more millions of men than all other high-grade smoking tobaccos *combined*.

Get a 5c sack of "Bull" today and "roll your own." Then you will *appreciate* why enough "Bull" Durham is sold in a year to make approximately *12 BILLION cigarettes*—about as many as the total annual production of all brands of ready-made cigarettes in this country. And the "Bull" Durham sales are *still growing*.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

SPORTING NEWS

FOOTBALL PLAYERS SHOULD BE NUMBERED, SAYS COACH STAGG

Veteran Coach of West Will Make This One of 22 Suggestions for Changes in Present Code of Rules

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Twenty-two suggestions for changes in football rules will be made by A. A. Stagg, director of athletics at the University of Chicago, who left tonight for New York to attend the meeting of the national rules committee Friday.

Seven of these proposed changes have to do with the forward pass, three with penalties, four with the duties of officials, three on the scoring of points and five on miscellaneous clauses.

As the west's superiority in the development and execution of the forward pass is generally recognized by critics, and as Mr Stagg coached the eleven which won the western collegiate championship, it is believed his recommendations will receive serious consideration.

The Chicago coach is of the opinion that the penalty for an uncompleted forward pass should be 10 yards. He will recommend that the intentional throwing of the ball on the ground be regarded as a fumble. Stagg observed last season that often a player was unable to make a forward pass because men who were to receive the ball were covered, and the player intentionally threw the ball on the ground. This action caused the ball to be returned to the place it was put in play and a loss of several yards was avoided.

He thinks a forward pass which goes out of bounds on the fourth down should be given to the opposing side where the ball is put in play.

All players should be numbered Mr Stagg says.

Other recommendations are:

The rule penalizing for crawling should be dropped.

The rule regarding the roughing of the fullback should be more clearly defined or the penalty lightened.

The value of touchdowns and field goals should be lessened.

The center should be forbidden to hide the ball by holding it.

The last recommendation is the outcome of a play in the Chicago-Iowa game. The Iowa center hid the ball and later passed it to a halfback who scored on the trick.

Stagg recently invited football coaches and critics in the middle west to send him ideas for improvement of the rules and he has incorporated their suggestions in his recommendations.

HOPPE SUCCESSFULLY DEFENDS HIS TITLE

Beats Sutton 500 to 226 in 17 Innings; Chicago Player Out of Form

NEW YORK Feb 3 Willie Hoppe the 18.2 balkline billiard champion successfully defended his title against George Sutton of Chicago here tonight, winning by a score of 500 to 226, in 17 innings. In only one inning did Sutton show the game of which he is capable. In the fifteenth, he made a run of 122, the highest string of the game.

Hoppe played in championship form. His highest run was 99, in the third inning. Score

Hoppe 4, 0, 99, 2, 25, 4, 0, 1, 60, 59, 70, 4, 0, 0, 55, 50, 65—500 Average, 29 7-17; high runs, 99, 70, 65.

Sutton—1, 0, 1, 27, 4, 2, 17, 7, 4, 1, 5, 17, 2, 0, 123, 18, 2—226 Average, 13 5-17, high runs, 123, 27, 17.

Superbas' Training Plans Are Complete

NEW YORK Feb 3—The plans for the spring training of the Brooklyn baseball club players were announced today. The initial workout will begin February 15, at Hot Springs, when the squad of pitchers will report. The hurlers will remain there until February 28, when they will join Manager Robinson and the other players at Augusta, Ga., March 12.

Eastern manufacturers are looking to the northwest for hard woods for the manufacture of clothespins. Birch is particularly desired.

'KING' COLE JUMPS BACK TO NEW YORKS

Leaves Chicago Federals for One-Year Contract With Yanks; Same Money

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Leonard L. (King) Cole, who recently jumped organized baseball and signed a three-year contract with the Chicago Federal league club, has jumped back to the New York Americans. Cole signed a one-year contract today with the Yankees for $3,000, the figures named by Cole to President Farrell on December 23, which Farrell duly accepted.

The salary is the same as the one stipulated in the Chicago Federal league contract, which Cole signed in Chicago, December 30. The acceptance of Cole's terms constitute a legal contract under baseball laws, according to Farrell. Farrell's attorneys advised him that he was legally entitled to Cole's services.

Cole declared he would forward a check for the advance money received from the Federals—said to be $500 to his attorney in Chicago, with instructions to turn it over to the club officials there.

The local American league club will take no chance of Cole jumping back to the Federals, and he will be kept here until February 12 when he will report in Hot Springs with the Yankee battery men.

President Farrell said tonight he was prepared to meet any action the Chicago Federals might take in the Cole case, but intimated that he had reasons for believing they would not go to court to retain the player.

BOWLING NEWS

OVERLAND ALLEYS

LUCAS SPORTING GOODS CO.

Harrison	170	137	191	498
Gallagher	231	163	154	548
Fuller	141	155	130	426
McGruder	164	152	157	473
McClure	185	164	180	529
Totals	891	704	802	2457

THE HUB.

Barnett	164	126	133	423
Lewis	162	128	153	433
Deiterle	164	140	125	429
Kohler	187	149	114	441
Williams	180	175	180	535
Totals	841	718	705	2263

METEORS BEAT FOUNTAIN

The Y M C A. Meteors defeated the Fountain High school basketball team, 68 to 9 last night on the Y M C A. court.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Wants Wants Wants Wants Wants

WANTED—Male Help

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED—Splendid income assured right man to act as our representative after learning our business thoroughly by mail. Former experience unnecessary. All we require is honesty, ability, ambition and willingness to learn a lucrative business. No soliciting or traveling. All or spare time only. This is an exceptional opportunity for a man in your section to get into a big paying business without capital and become independent for life. Write at once for full particulars. National Co-Operative Realty Company, L. 697, Marden Building, Washington, D. C.

IF YOU'RE NOT ATTENDING

[illegible]

It's Because You Haven't Investigated

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how I teach the barber trade in few weeks; mailed free. Write Moler College, Denver, Colo.

BOYS to carry paper routes. Apply to C. J. Bullock, Gazette mailing room, before 8 a. m.

GENTLEMEN saving money. Haircut and shave, 25c. 128 N. Nevada

You're [illegible]

WANTED—Female Help

KEISTER'S LADIES TAILORING COLLEGE A [illegible] of scientific dress cutting, designing and ladies' tailoring. Short course for ladies who desire only to make their own suits, etc. [illegible] 208-210 Hagerman building, S. E. corner Kiowa and Tejon St.

PRIVATE family chambermaid, with reference. Young man waiter. Hinds Employment Bureau.

LADIES, gents' and children's [illegible] clothing bought and sold at 22 N. Weber St. Phone Main [illegible]

WANTED Male and female help. Henderson Employment Office, 20 E. Kiowa. Phone 2916.

CAPABLE refined waitress wanted at 314 North Cascade avenue.

GIRL for general housework at 210 E. Uintah St.

WANTED—AGENTS

STORY OF MEXICO. New Epoch Making Book. Thrilling, Sensational, Timely. Low price. Sells on sight. Big terms. Sample book free. Act quickly. Universal House, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Good, live agents to handle best seller known. Call at Room [illegible] Gazette Bldg.

WANTED—Situations

POSITION as chauffeur; experienced in repair work; familiar with electrics; best references. Address P-34, Gazette.

BY local young woman stenographer; good penman, accurate in figures, experienced in real estate and insurance; moderate [illegible] ances. R-5, Gazette.

EXPERIENCED chauffeur and wife wants position; understands janitor work, can give reference. Call or address 1124 Lincoln, Colo. City, Colo.

RELIABLE young colored man desires work, competent house man, porter or janitor. Call Main 3753J.

PRACTICAL nurse wishes position, confinement cases with housework; references. M. 1360J.

SWEEPING and dusting half day each day, private family, references. P-55, Gazette.

EXPERIENCED dressmaker; work by the day or at home. Tele. Main 5786.

WANTED—Work of any kind. Address P-61 Gazette.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, 433 Hagerman Building

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—To rent show window in business district for fancy fruits, confections; would rent half store, with fixtures, if rent reasonable. Permanent. Finishette.

[illegible] and furnace repairing, chimneys, chimneys cleaned, S. P. [illegible] alley east of Bennett Bldg.

E[illegible] 38.

[illegible]D—Man's Columbia bicycle, second-hand and in good condition. Bennett, 28 W. Bijou St. M. 1859.

WANTED Second-hand trunk, must be good condition and cheap, R-2, Gazette.

[illegible] PITS cleaned; job work done; office, 114½ E. Cucharas. Phone Main [illegible]04 H. T. O'Brien, Mgr.

WANTED—2 office chairs, filing case, 8x10 rug; state price. P-43, Gazette.

WANTED—Good second-hand typewriter, cheap. R-4, Gazette.

SAFETY razor blades sharpened. E. H. Morse, 111 E. Huerfano St.

SAFETY blades sharpened. Sun Drug Co. and Fiedler's cigar store.

BOARD AND ROOMS

WANTED—Two or three roomers in private family, could give all or part board; walking distance. Address P-[illegible] Gazette.

[illegible]AND View Lodge for the care of convalescents. Home cooking. Fresh eggs and milk. 821 N. 2nd St, Nob Hill

[illegible]AM heated rooms and excellent board; well located and no objection [illegible] Phone M. 1008.

SUITE of rooms, southwest exposure; private entrance and bath. Phone [illegible] [illegible] N. Cascade.

[illegible]SS WOMACK—Rooms with or without board. 432 N. Nevada.

Electric Magnetic Massage

FOR treatment of paralysis, appendicitis, rheumatism, goiters, gall stones and nervous troubles. Room 16, Ever[illegible]

FOR SALE—RANCHES

LANDS for dry farming or stock, in tracts 160 up to 10,000 acres. R. D. [illegible], 1343 N. Nevada Ave.

FOR RENT—HOUSES Furnished

4-ROOM apartment, nicely furnished for housekeeping, on second floor. Apply 316 S. Nevada.

EIGHT rooms furnished; modern, 19 E Willamette. Box 144, Manitou, or P-[illegible] Gazette.

COTTAGE at Camp Stratton; four rooms and bath; nicely furnished; northwest of platform. Mrs. White.

$18. $20, MODERN, 4-r. sunny flat; gas range, porch; adults 2016 N. Tejon.

7-ROOM house, strictly modern. 118 S. Wahsatch, reasonable to right party.

NICELY furnished cottage; modern, close in. Call 220 N. Cascade, Black 12.

4 ROOMS, furnished, bath, light; cheap rent. Inquire 604 E. Cache la Poudre.

6-ROOM house, modern; southern exposure. 1303 N. Tejon. Phone 3644J.

COZY cottage, 4 rooms, bath, sleeping porch. 326 E. Yampa.

4-ROOM house, modern except heat. 409 E. Willamette.

COSY cottage, 4 rooms, bath, sleeping porch. 326 E. Yampa.

5-ROOM house, nicely furnished; modern except heat. 516 S. Nevada.

MODERN 12-room house, 317 E. Kiowa. Inquire at 117 N. Nevada Ave.

FURNISHED housekeeping tent. 316 N. Nevada.

FOR RENT—HOUSES Unfurnished

TO RENT—Good 5-room house; barn, buggy shed; fenced especially for chickens or for dogs; 3 large lots and rich garden spot; close to school; near mills, on North Sheldon. Price, $10. Call F. Blackshere, Driving club.

608 E. CACHE LA POUDRE—4 rooms, modern except heat; best of plumbing; freshly calcimined and repainted; $13.50 per month. See J. H. Turner, 24 Midland Block. Phone 157.

506 W. HUERFANO—3 rooms, freshly papered and repainted; front porch; $9.00 per month. See J. H. Turner, 24 Midland Block. Phone 157.

FOR RENT One strictly modern, 6-room cottage, with sleeping porch; good location. Phone Main 966.

4, 5 OR 7-ROOM house, furnished or unfurnished. Inquire 812 W. Mill. Phone Black 11.

FOR RENT Strictly modern 5-room cottage; fireplace and furnace; cheap for winter. 1602 S. Tejon St.

5-ROOM cottage, close in; neat and clean. 16 S. Tejon St.

NEW 6-room cottage, sleeping porch, strictly modern. 745 E. Kiowa.

FOR RENT—5-room modern bungalow, $25 month. 718 N. Tejon.

FOR RENT—112 E. Cimarron, 4 rooms, bath, new [illegible] Phone M. 374.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—One good, sound, 1,100 lb. work horse, $40 if taken in next two days. Can be seen at 236 W. Dale.

FOR SALE—2,400 lb. team work horses, $175, work guaranteed. 344 E. Dale.

WANTED—Light driving cart, saddle and harness. 535 Colo. Ave., Colo City.

WANTED—To buy good farm wagon and harness. Phone M. 2881.

HORSES for sale. Address P. O. Box 42.

GRADUATE OSTEOPATH

DR. G. W. PAULY

and wife, graduates of osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., under Dr. A. T. Still. Osteopathy corrects the cause of diseases, and thereby prevents further disease. Office, 201-202-203-204 DeGraff Bldg., 112 N. Tejon St. Phone Main 1701. Residence, 1532 N Nevada. Phone Main 938.

We will show you to your satisfaction the cause of your trouble.

DR. CONWAY, Still's graduate; post graduate work under specialists. Phone or call 6 E. Paso Bank Bldg.

POULTRY SUNDRIES

FOR SALE—Single and Rose Comb Rhode Island Red cockerels, Rhode Island Red eggs for hatching, 50c per setting; one 108-egg incubator and one brooder. 1307 Grant Ave. Phone Black 24.

1 DOZ. W. Leghorns, 1 doz. Buff Orpingtons, 1 doz. R. I. Reds, one R. I. Red cockerel, 1 doz. Brown Leghorns, 2 doz. Barred Plymouth Rocks 1 good ranch mare. 836 N. Spruce.

SETTINGS Buff Op., R. I. Reds, R. C. W. Leghorns; rates for quantity Ph. 3643W. Box 467.

FOR SALE—Two incubators; 120-egg size, good condition. Phone 3698W

FOR SALE—4 large Philo coops. Call at 714 E. Cucharas St.

STORAGE & TRANSFER

At THIS time of year, when so many are moving and packing, we would appreciate if the order could be given us the day before. THE SMITH STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.

PADDED moving vans, experienced men, new warehouse, private locked compartments. Pikes Peak Transfer and Storage Co. Phone 160

STORAGE MILLENHE stores goods right 107-111 S Nevada.

Typewriters and Supplies

THE Remington Typewriter Co. now has an expert in charge of its service department. If your typewriter needs repairing, call him. Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 374. Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

TYPEWRITER REPAIRING Over 20 years' experience. Western [illegible] 21 E. Kiowa. Phone Main 634.

BATHS

[illegible] vapor baths, 75c; [illegible] Chiropody, [illegible] M. 1181 [illegible] N. Tejon

FOR RENT—ROOMS Furnished

FURNISHED apartment of three rooms, hot water heat, also large sunny parlor bedroom, private entrance. 715 N. Nevada Ave Main 1892.

ROOMS with kitchen privileges, no tuberculars. Miss Riesbeck, 706 N. Nevada. Phone 3370R.

MODERN rooms; well heated; very reasonable. 412 N. Tejon. Phone M. 3476.

LARGE southeast room, with private bath and sleeping porch. 632 N. Nevada. Phone M. 1592.

HOUSEKEEPING room with fine sleeping porch, two beds. 326 E. Yampa.

FURNISHED, 5-room flat, strictly modern, heat furnished. 326 E. Cache la Poudre St.

NEWLY furnished rooms; also sleeping porch; modern; well heated; reasonable. 130 E. Willamette.

515 N. NEVADA—3 nice rooms, with private baths; furnished for light housekeeping. J. M. Stewart.

FINE, large, sunny room; housekeeping privileges; on car line. 728 E. Platte.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms; first and second floors; low price. 701 N. Tejon.

NICE housekeeping rooms; gas range, sleeping porch. 327 East Bijou St.

FURNISHED room at $1 week. 107 S. Seventh St.

SAME the steam-heated rooms; $1.50 and up. 315 N. Tejon.

ROOMS, steamheated, housekeeping, sleeping porch. 712 N. Tejon.

ROOMS, housekeeping, sleeping porch, tent cottage. 611 N. Cascade. Phone 2804W.

FURNISHED, steam-heated room; board, if desired. 322 E. Bijou. M. 2198

FURNISHED front room for rent, private entrance. 1309 E. Boulder.

2 OR 3 rooms for light housekeeping; modern; near college. Phone 2198.

BUSINESS CHANCES

TO THE SMALL INVESTOR

I have one of the best mining propositions that was ever shown in Colorado Springs. It will pay you to investigate it. E. H. Morse, 111 E. Huerfano St.

FOR SALE—Grocery business, good paying location, close in, business good; must sell to go to lower altitude; stock clean and in good condition; will invoice about $1,800; fixtures included in this. Call Main 3480W.

FOR SALE—By owner, the best-paying grocery store in Colo. Springs; other business to attend to; needn't answer unless you have $3,800 to invest. Address R-7, Gazette.

STOCK general merchandise, building, dwelling, all $7,200. [illegible] Colorado towns. [illegible] for [illegible] Colorado Springs. Box 584, City.

GOOD paying business for sale. Trade established. Cheap if taken at once. P-55 Gazette.

FOR SALE—Barber shop at a bargain; leaving Springs. 1610½ Colo. Ave.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE—1910 Pierce "48," [illegible] passenger touring car; motor just overhauled at factory; new tires; seat covers and Klaxon horn; entire car in excellent condition; cheap for [illegible]. Owner has purchased Ohio electric, reason for selling.

G. W. BLAKE AUTO CO.

NOTICE TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS

Have your automobile painted by the COLORADO SPRINGS AUTO PAINT SHOP. All work guaranteed first class. 131 So. Cascade Ave. Phone Main 2480.

TREAT tires with AIRSTOP, heals punctures instantly, does not prevent vulcanizing, or injure rubber. Demonstration at 113 E. Kiowa. AIRSTOP SUPPLY CO.

FOR SALE—One 1912 Hudson just repainted and nickel plated; car in excellent condition, cheap for cash - G. W. BLAKE AUTO CO.

ELECTRIC coupe in first-class condition; new batteries; will sell cheap for cash, or trade for good second-hand gas machine. Address P-29, Gaz.

WILL trade $3,000 auto, run but 3,000 miles for 5,000 shares of Mary McKinney mining stock. P-41, Gazette.

FOR SALE—5-pass. touring car, just painted and in good condition. Strang Garage 18 N Nevada.

WANTED—To trade city property for an automobile. Call phone 3208W.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—5-pass. touring car for vacant lots. P-49, Gaz.

FOR RENT—OFFICES

FOR RENT—Office rooms, single or en suite. Gazette building. Apply Gazette Business Office.

SEWING MACHINES

THE White Sewing Machine Co. Machines rented and repaired. M. 1418.

SEWING machine for sale or rent. 207 S Tejon Phone Main 3117J

Stove and Furnace Repairs

STOVE REPAIRS made from your broken pieces; also all kinds of stove repairs for sale at Progressive Stove & Furnace Co., Colorado City.

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING at home or by the day. Apply Edna Helmick, 317 S. Tejon St. Phone 1540.

AT HOME or by day; reasonable. 211 N Cascade. Mrs. E. Jack, phone 1591.

CLAIRVOYANTS

MOVED — MRS. SAMPSON — Noted psychic; all work guaranteed. Readings daily. Spiritual meetings Sunday, Thursday evenings, 8 sharp. 14½ E. Pikes Peak.

FOR SALE—Real Estate

FOR SALE

The best piece of property in Manitou. Half what I paid is my price. P. O. Box 186, Manitou

FOUR small houses, none over $700; will take $100 cash, small payments on remainder. Telephone Main 1316.

FOR SALE—Modern 5-room bungalow. Best location northeast. M. 2907.

11-ROOM house to be moved or wrecked. Inquire 22 N. Cascade.

FOR SALE—First mortgage, $1,200. Address P-77 Gazette

TO TRADE

VACANT LOT

To trade for horses or cows. Price, $300. STATE REALTY CO. 115 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

NEW PIANO

To exchange for vacant lot STATE REALTY CO. 115 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

EQUITY in good lot for second-hand car. Phone Main 3212.

TO TRADE—20 acres best fruit land in Florida in on business in Colo. Address P-46, Gazette

WANTED—To exchange Portland, Ore., for Colo. Springs property; valuation $1,500. R-1, Gazette.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—7-ft. standing desk, light antique quartered oak; flat-top typewriter desk, light antique quartered oak; 4-ft. roll-top typewriter desk, golden oak; large 5-ft. dark oak roll-top desk; folding wall map cabinet; fireproof safe, office chairs, etc. All slightly used and at half price. R. L. McKinnie, No. 520 Exchange Nat'l. Bank Bldg.

VALUABLE books at No. 1 Sheldon place. Encyclopedias, histories, Scott's, Thackeray's, Bulwer's and Hugo's novels; 15 vol. Universal Knowledge at $5; 39 vol. Bancroft's works, bound in leather, costing $240, for $50. Many other books, wisely selected, at very low prices.

10 TO 640 ACRES fine land, southeast Missouri, 8 town lots, 300 shares stock peach orchard, all for $300; 5 years to pay, without interest. Address P. O. Drawer 58, City.

FOR SALE—Axminster carpet, 12x24 ft.; fine condition; at half price. A [illegible] flat-top light antique quartered oak table, 5x4 ft. Reasonable. 1106 N. Weber St.

FRESH country butter and Plymouth Rock eggs. Write Box 1, Lorraine, Kans.

KINDLING 5 sacks, $1; 11 sacks, $2; blocks and grate wood, 40c per 100 lbs. Phone M. [illegible]

NEW automatic drop head, $75. Standard rotary sewing machine, $25 cash. P. O. Box 58, Colorado Springs.

GOOD tone violin and guitar for sale or trade for chickens. Ph. Main 2885J. 324 S. Nevada Ave.

CORN—Shelled, $1.70 hundred; on cob, $1.25; delivered. Grand Ranch, P. O. Box 440.

BOX lawn fertilizer, sand, gravel and coal. Call Main 3611J.

A FIRST-class piano, cash or payment. Address R-3, Gazette.

FOR SALE or rent. Emerson piano. 612 E. Boulder. Main 3328J.

$300 PIANO for $150 if taken at once. 226 E. St. Vrain

MANN'S bone grinder for sale; good as new. Black 40.

GOOD pigs for sale. 118 East Platte.

SECOND-HAND gas range cheap for cash 102 N Tejon St

STAR Printing Co., printing every description. 9 S Cascade. Main 887.

1,000 SHARES Telescope mining stock for sale cheap 309 E Cucharas.

WANTED—To Rent Houses

WANTED—Furnished house, by reliable adult couple, for care of the property; no illness, best references. Address P-54. Gazette Telephone Main 3292M

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, diamonds, horses, cattle, or anything of value; easy payments; confidential. The Private Loan Bank, C. W. Bohanner, Alex Koehler, Rooms 5-6, 24 S. Tejon St. M. 1567

$25.00 UP to loan on pianos, household goods, cattle, autos; lowest rates; no delays. See us. 31 Bank Bldg.

MONEY to loan on real estate at reasonable rates. George Peyser, 124 S. Tejon.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE

PARLOR and bedroom suites and single pieces, rockers, chairs, carpets, pictures, books, gas heaters, gas grates, gas range, heating stove, tools, garden hose, things too numerous to mention. 1 Colorado Ave., Colorado City.

FURNITURE and lease on 10-room, well located, modern house. Inquire 314 Min. Exch Bldg or phone 1147.

FOR SALE—Folding bed with large pier glass in front. 821 North Cascade.

LEAVING town; bargains, if taken at once; piano, dining room furniture, gas range. Call 1932 N. Tejon St

GUNN sectional, also combination bookcase, for sale. 728 Colo. Ave.

SAVE ½ to ⅓ on room-size rugs. Carpet Store 321 E. Pikes Peak.

Auctions and Auctioneers

AUCTION sale of furniture at No 1 Colorado Ave., known as Sheldon place, Friday, Feb. 6th, 1914, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp. All our household and kitchen furniture, including parlor set, chairs, stoves, dressers, tables, rockers, carpets, beds, piano, gas [illegible], tools, oids, mill and many other articles too numerous to mention. Come, eve. Addy, and [illegible] early.

SCOFIELD & KIBBY, Auctioneers.

LOST

LOST—Lady's gold watch, Waltham movement; engraved G. W. W. on back of case, between Nevada and Institute. Liberal reward if returned to Gazette.

LOST Black gun metal cigarette case between Princess theater and Gladstone apartments. Reward. Return to Gazette.

LOST—Bunch of keys, Cascade or Pikes Peak Ave., between the Glockner and Santa Fe depot. Reward if returned to Gazette.

LOST—A small folding pocketbook containing $5 bill, 85 cents in change and ticket from Denver to Ft. Morgan, Colo. Return this office for reward

LOST—Between Espanola street and the Presbyterian church, spider-shaped pin with opal body. Return to this office. Reward.

LOST—Friday evening, small alligator purse, containing about $4, on Tejon St. or car of East San Rafael St. Return to this office for reward.

LOST—Gent's red wheel, in front of Princess theater, Saturday evening. Reward for return to Gazette.

WILL party who took large brown fur muff from police ambulance kindly return to this office.

LOST—Gold brooch, sweet pea design, between Christian church and 500 block W. Pikes Peak. Reward at Gaz.

LOST—Brown telescope hat, below Tejon St. hill, Sunday. Reward if returned to Gazette.

LOST—Child's gray fur coat on Cascade avenue, Friday, January 30. Reward at this office.

LOST—On Nob Hill or E. Boulder, gauntlet sheepskin mitten. Reward, Gazette.

LOST Platinum bar pin, set with rhinestones. Return this office. Reward.

LOST Small black pocketbook in Woolworths or near 7½ S. Tejon. Reward at Gazette.

LOST—Black leather wallet, in Opera house, January 31. Reward if returned to Gazette.

LOST Small part of silver pencil. Return this office.

LOST—Breast pin, circle set with yellow topaz. Reward this office.

LOST—Pair gold bowed spectacles in case. Reward this office.

LOST—Bunch keys. Please return this office.

LOST—Large signet ring, initial C. Liberal reward at Gazette.

LOST—Brown purse, containing $1.50, belonged to boy. Return to Gazette.

LOST—Envelope with $13.50; name on same. Reward, Gazette.

Watch and Clock Repairing

WATCHES cleaned, 50c; mainspring, 50c; work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver. S. Klein, 16 E. Huerfano Phone 541.

CHIROPRACTIC

COULTRUP & COULTRUP, CHIROPRACTORS, 46 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg Telephone [illegible]

CHICAGO PRODUCE

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Butter unchanged.

Eggs lower; receipts, 3,126 cases; at mark, cases included, 24@26c; ordinary firsts, 25c; firsts, 26½c.

Cheese unchanged.

Potatoes unchanged; receipts, 55 cars.

Poultry, alive, higher; springs, 15½c; fowls, 15c; turkeys, 16c.

COLORADO SPRINGS STOCK QUOTATIONS

MINES

	Bid.	Ask.
Acacia	02¾	03
C. C. Con.	009	01¼
C. K. & N.	07¾	08⅞
Dante	01	02
Dr. Jack Pot	06⅛	07
Elkton	50	50¾
El Paso	240	267
Fanny R.	02	02¾
Findley		02½
Gold Dollar Con	06	06½
Gold Sov.	02	02¾
Isabella	10½	10¾
Jack Pot	05½	06
Lexington	002	006
Mary McKinney	59½	60
Old Gold	01½	02½
Pharmacist	01	01½
Portland	104¼	106½
Vindicator	81	84

UNLISTED

	Bid.	Ask.
Golden Cycle	150	
Jennie Sample	..	06
Jerry J.	03⅞	04½
U. G. M	04⅞	05¾

PROSPECTS

	Bid.	Ask.
Banner	01	01½
Black Jack	005	008
Bob Lee		001
Fountleroy		02
Gold Bond	01	02
Hart		02
Home	004	01¼
Little Puck		002
Mary Nevins		03½
New Haven	005	
Raven & B. H.	03	04½
Republic	0025	0035
Requa Savage	01	02
Rose M	005	
Rose N.		01

MISCELLANEOUS

	Bid.	Ask.
Flower West	008	..
Greater G. Belt	001	.
O. K.	.	005
Progress		01

MORNING SALES

Elkton, 500 at 50½. Gold Dollar, 2,000 at 6, Isabella, 2,000 at 10¼, Portland, 500 at 106; U. G. M., 1,000 at 5; Mary McKinney, 2,500 at 58½.

DENVER LIVE STOCK

DENVER, Feb. 3.—Cattle Receipts 500; lower; beef steers, $6.50@8.25; cows and heifers, $5.00@6.50; stockers and feeders, $6.25@7.50; calves, $8.00@10.50.

Hogs—Receipts 1,000; lower, top, $8.40; bulk, $8.15@8.35.

Sheep—Receipts 500; strong; yearlings, $6.25@7.00, wethers, $5.50@5.85; lambs, $7.00@7.75, ewes, $4.50@5.10

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Quotations advanced in the stock market today with a slow, creeping movement. The market displayed unmistakable firmness, which appeared to be derived from a steady investment demand quite as much as from speculative purchases. The upturn was not of large proportions, but the end of the day found various representative shares 1 to 2 points higher.

The character of the buying was indicated by the good demand for bonds and investment stocks. The new issue of New York state 4½s sold at 106⅝, a new high price. A $7,400,000 issue of bonds guaranteed by Louisville & Nashville, was oversubscribed.

The market was freed from influence which depressed it yesterday. Rock Island securities, whose acute weakness unsettled the whole list during the preceding session, rebounded from their low prices. London, which sold extensively here yesterday, reversed its position and bought.

Hill stocks again developed strength. Their continued advance gave rise to unofficial reports that Northern Pacific and Great Northern would give up control of Burlington, which, it was said, might confer rights upon shareholders in the controlling companies in connection with retirement of the Burlington joint 4s. Some of the specialties developed pronounced strength. General Motors shot up 12 points, although it subsequently lost a part of its gain. Coppers were strong on the advancing price of the metal. The Can shares were depressed temporarily by the showing made in the company's annual report, which revealed a decrease in net of about $1,000,000.

The tone of the bond market improved. Rock Island refunding 4s rose 3¼ above the low price. Total sales, par value, $3,357,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Co.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes. Cl.
Amal. Copper	76½	77⅝	76¾	77⅛
Alaska G. M.	22⅝	23	22⅝	23
Am. Can.	33	33⅝	31½	32
do pfd.	95½	95½	94½	95
Am. Car & Fdy.	53⅛	53	52¾	52⅝
Am. Cotton Oil	44½	....	....	44½
Am. Ice	27	27⅜	26⅝	27¼
Am. Loco.	36	36¼	36	36¼
do pfd.	40	....	....	40.
Am. Smelt.	68⅜	68⅞	68⅞	69¼
Am. Sugar	107½	108¼	107½	108¼
A. T. & T.	121	122½	121	122⅝
Am. Tob.	251	....	....	261
Anaconda	37⅞	38¼	37⅝	38⅛
Atchison	98⅜	99¼	98⅞	99¼
Balt. & Ohio	95⅛	95½	94⅞	94⅞
Brooklyn R. T.	91¼	91⅝	91¼	91⅞
Calif. Pet.	28	....	....	28
Can. Pac.	218¼	219½	217⅞	219
Cent. Leath.	218¼	219½	217⅝	219
Cent. Leath.	28⅝	29⅝	28⅝	29¼
Ches. & Ohio	67	67⅛	66⅝	67⅛
C., G. W.	14	....	....	14
do pfd.	32	32¼	32	32¼
C., M. & S. P.	106⅛	106⅝	105⅞	106⅝
C. & N. W.	136	....	....	136
Chino Copper	42¼	43	42¼	43
C. F. & I.	32⅝	34	32⅝	34
Cons. Gas	136½	....	....	136½
Corn Prod.	12½	12½	12⅝	12⅝
do pfd.	71	....	....	71
D. & R. G. pfd.	30⅝	....	....	30⅝
Erie	31¼	31½	31¼	31½
do 1st pfd.	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48⅝
Gen. Elec.	147½	148⅝	147½	148⅝
G. N. pfd.	132⅜	134½	132⅝	134⅝
G. N. Ore.	38½	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
Ill. Cent.	115	....	....	115
Int. Met.	15⅝	....	....	15⅝
do pfd.	61½	62⅛	61¼	62⅜
Insp. Copper	17	17⅝	17	17⅝
Int. Paper	10¼	....	....	10¼
K. C. S.	27⅝	....	....	27⅝
Lehigh Valley	154¼	155	154¼	155
Mex. Pet.	69	70⅝	68⅞	70⅝
Miami Copper	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
M., K. & T.	22	23	22⅝	22⅝
do pfd.	59⅛	....	....	59⅛
Mo. Pacific	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛
Nat'l Biscuit	137	139	136¼	139
Nat'l Lead	50⅛	....	....	50⅛
Nevada Cons.	16⅛	16⅛	16¼	16¼
N. Y. Central	94⅜	95	94⅝	94⅞
N.Y.N.H. & H.	74⅜	74⅝	74½	74⅝
Nor. & West.	105⅛	105½	105⅝	105½
Nor. Pac.	116⅝	118	116½	117⅝
Penna.	118¼	118½	118¼	118⅝
People's Gas	24	124½	124	124
Pitts. Coal pfd.	92¼	93	92⅛	93
P. Steel Car	44⅛	44⅝	44	44
Ry. S. Spring	32½	34¼	33¼	33⅝
Ray Cons.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
Reading	168⅜	169	167⅝	168⅝
R. I. & S.	26	26¼	25⅝	26
Rock Island	10¼	11	9¼	11
do pfd.	15⅛	16½	14⅝	15⅞
Rumely	13⅝	14¼	13⅝	14¼
do pfd.	31½	33	31½	33
Sears Roebuck	192	....	....	192
So. Pacific	98¼	99	97⅞	98⅝
So. Railway	27	27⅝	27	27⅝
Texas Oil	145½	147½	145½	146
U. Bag & Paper	7¼	7⅝	7	7⅝
do pfd.	32½	...	....	32¼
Union Pacific	163	164	162⅝	163⅞
Third Ave.	42½	43	42½	42⅝
U. S. Rubber	59	59⅝	59	59⅝
do 1st pfd.	102½	102½	102	102
U. S. Steel	65⅞	66⅝	65⅝	66⅛
do pfd.	110⅛	....	....	110⅛
Utah Copper	55½	55⅝	55	55⅝
Wabash pfd.	9½	...	..	9½
West. Union	62	64	61⅝	64
Westinghouse	70⅝	71⅞	70½	71⅞
Woolworth	98⅞	..	..	98⅞

Total sales 421,600

METAL MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb 3.—Copper firm; standard spot to April offered at $14.75; Tin quiet, spot to March, $40.25@40.50.

Iron steady, unchanged.

London markets closed as follows:

Copper spot quiet, £66, 7s, 6d, futures, £66, 12s, 6d

Tin firm; spot, £184, 5s futures, £185, 12s, 6d

Iron, Cleveland warrants, 51s, 4½d.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3.—Lead higher, $4.07½@4.10. Spelter stronger, $5.20@5.25.

COTTON MARKET

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Co.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Oct.	11.50	11.52	11.44	11.45
Mar	12.34	12.35	12.23	12.24
May	12.10	12.12	12.02	12.04
July	12.04	12.05	11.95	11.97
Aug	11.82	11.82	11.75	11.77

SUGAR

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Raw sugar easy; muscovado, $2.92; centrifugal, $3.42, molasses, $2.67, refined quiet.

CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Discovery that an unusual movement of Kansas and Nebraska wheat to Chicago had set in, acted as a weight today on prices here. The result was that the market closed heavy, ⅛c to ⅛@¼c under last night. Other speculative articles, too, suffered a net decline—corn, ⅛c to ⅜c; oats, ⅛c to ¼c, and provisions, 2½@5c to 5@7½c.

News of loading of considerable quantities of wheat at Kansas City for Chicago came in fulfillment of predictions that radical bears have been making for some weeks. As the shipments were said to be at the full market difference prevailing between the two cities, the evidence seemed plain that both export and milling demand southwest had reached an abnormally low level. Sales of increasing amount of Nebraska wheat, to be put in store at Chicago, tended further to discourage holders of contracts here for future delivery.

Belief that severe cold would not extend far into the winter crop region was of an important secondary influence that proved effective against the wheat bulls. The only strength shown was early in the session and was due to a slight advance at Liverpool, counterbalanced later by reports of liberal Russian offers and an increase of the visible supply.

Enlarged offerings from Iowa and Illinois weakened the corn market. Besides, there were bearish estimates in regard to the yield in Argentina, where the harvest is expected to begin not longer than a fortnight off. Oats suffered a break in consequence of liquidating sales by holders who were guided by the action of other grain. Many stop-loss orders were brought into play.

Heaviness ruled from the outset in the provision pit. Hog prices were lower, and the bear side was also favored by the augmented stocks in warehouses here and by a big gain shown in the world's supply of lard.

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Co.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat—				
May	93⅝	93⅝	92⅞	92⅞
July	88⅞	88⅞	88⅜	88⅜
Corn—				
May	66⅝	66⅝	66	66⅛
July	65½	65½	64⅞	65
Sep.	64⅝	64⅝	63⅝	63⅞
Oats—				
May	39⅞	39⅞	39½	39½
July	39¼	39⅝	39	39⅛
Pork—				
May	21.45	21.52	21.45	21.47

MONEY ON CALL

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Call money firm, 1¾@2 per cent; ruling rate, 2 per cent.

Time loans steady; 60 days, 3½ per cent; 90 days, 3@3½ per cent.

Mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent.

Sterling exchange steady; 60-day bills, 483.90; demand, 485.65.

Commercial bills, 483.

Bar silver, 57⅝c.

Mexican dollars, 45¼c

Government bonds steady; railroad bodns firm.

COPPER QUOTATIONS

Quotations Furnished by Otis & Co.

	Bid.	Ask.
Adventure	2	2½
Alaska G. M	22⅝	23
Allouez	40	40½
American Zinc	20½	21
Butte & London	30	31
Butte & Superior	36	36¼
Calumet & Arizona	68	68¼
Cal. & Hecla	440	442
Centennial	17	17¼
Copper Range	39¼	39½
Daly West	2¼	2½
Davis Daly	2¼	2⅜
East Butte	12¼	12⅝
El Paso Cons.	2¼	2⅝
Franklin	4	4½
Goldfield Florence	53	55
Granby	89¼	89¾
Greene Cananea Cons.	40	40¼
Hancock	20	20¼
Indiana	4½	4¾
Iron Blossom	115	117½
Isle Royale	23	23¼
Lake Copper	9⅝	10
Mohawk	44½	45
New Baltic	1⅛	1¼
North Butte	29	29¼
Nipissing	7¼	7⅝
Ohio Copper	35	42
Old Dominion	51½	52
Osceola	79	80
Pond Creek	20	20¼
Quincy	62	63
Shannon	6⅝	6⅞
Shattuck	28¼	28½
Superior Copper	29	29¼
Superior & Boston	2⅝	2¾
Tamarack	35	35¼
Tularosa	43⅝	56¼
United Fruit	167	167¼
United Verde Ext.	40	45
Wolverine	45⅝	46

EASTERN LIVE STOCK

ST. JOSEPH, Feb. 3.—Hogs—Receipts 9,300; steady to 25c lower, top, $8.40; bulk, $8.00@8.35.

Cattle—Receipts 2,100; slow; steers, $7.00@9.00; cows and heifers, $4.00@8.50, calves, $5.00@10.00.

Sheep—Receipts 1,500; steady; lambs, $6.50@7.50.

CHICAGO, Feb 3.—Hogs—Receipts, 32,00; slow; mostly 10c under yesterday's average, bulk, $8.40@8.50; light, $8.25@8.52½, mixed, $8.25@8.50; heavy, $8.20@8.52½; rough, $8.20@8.25; pigs, $6.75@8.30.

Cattle—Receipts 3,000 weak, beeves $6.90@9.50, Texas steers $6.90@8.00 western steers, $6.40@7.85; stockers and feeders, $5.40@8.00, cows and heifers, $3.50@8.40, calves, $7.50@10.50.

Sheep—Receipts 12,000 steady; native, $4.70@5.90, western, $4.80@5.90, yearlings, $5.70@6.85; lambs, native, $6.75@7.85, western, $6.80@7.85.

KANSAS CITY, Feb 3.—Hogs—Receipts 14,000, 10c lower; bulk, $8.10@8.40; heavy, $8.35@8.45; packers and butchers, $8.20@8.45; light, $8.10@8.30, pigs, $6.75@7.60.

Cattle—Receipts 8,000; steady to weak, prime fed steers, $8.50@9.25, dressed beef steers, $7.50@8.40; western steers, $4.50@8.50, southern steers, $6.00@8.00, cows, $4.75@7.50; heifers, $6.75@9.00, stockers and feeders, $6.85@8.25 bulls, $5.50@7.75, calves, $6.50@11.00.

Sheep—Receipts 8,000; weak; lambs, $7.25@7.85, yearlings, $6.25@6.75; wethers, $5.25@5.75, ewes, $5.00@5.50, stockers and feeders, $3.50@6.50.

OTIS & CO.

INVESTMENT BROKERS.

MEMBERS

New York Stock Exchange — Chicago Stock Exchange

Cleveland Stock Exchange — Chicago Board of Trade

New York Cotton Exchange

125-127 East Pikes Peak Ave. — COLORADO SPRINGS

CURRENT QUOTATIONS

showing comparison with prices of December 31st of ELEVEN PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS dealt in by

HAGER & SMITH

Suite No. 401 Mining Exchange Bldg

Representing WILLIAM P. BONBRIGHT & CO., Inc.

New York — Boston — Philadelphia — Detroit — London

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In beautiful Plaids, priced at, only..... **$4.98**

I. POLANT

LADIES' FURNISHINGS

Phone M. 1788 119-121 S. Tejon

THE FRANKLIN CALENDAR

FEBRUARY 4.

Let us all do our endeavors in our several capacities for the common service; and if one has the ability or opportunity of doing more for his friends than another let him think that a happiness and be satisfied.

(London letter to John Foxcroft—1773.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Forecast: Colorado—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado Springs weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m.:

Temperature at 6 a. m.	11
Temperature at 12 m.	23
Temperature at 6 p. m.	30
Maximum temperature	31
Minimum temperature	10
Mean temperature	20
Max. bar. pressure, inches	24.14
Min. bar. pressure, inches	24.03
Mean velocity of wind per hour	8
Max. velocity of wind per hour	24
Relative humidity at noon	88
Dew point at noon	20
Precipitation in inches	0

CITY BRIEFS

H. TROSSBACH, engraver, now located in Hagerman Bldg., Room 202. Adv.

JIM FERRIS, Ralph Schildknecht, Art Purdon, have opened a barber shop at 23 E. Kiowa St. Adv.

IDLEWOLD, home for tuberculars and convalescents, has a vacancy. The Misses Shardlow, proprietors. Phone M. 1596. Adv.

MISS VIOLA OSBORN, member of faculty American Institute of Applied Music, New York; pupil of Harold Bauer, will accept piano pupils. Studio 1414 N. Nevada Ave. Tel. Main 709. Adv.

REGULAR WEEKLY DANCE, Majestic hall, every Thursday night, by W. O. W. camp 416. Best floor, best orchestra, best people only attend. Gentlemen, 60c; ladies free, checking free. Adv.

ANOTHER BIG EGG—The "largest egg" controversy was revived yesterday when R. A. Chadwick, 314 East Columbia street, discovered that one of his Black Minorca hens has laid an egg weighing one-fourth of a pound. The egg measures four and one-half inches around the center and eight and one-half inches around lengthwise.

PRAYER MEETINGS TONIGHT

Prayer meetings preliminary to the revival services which will begin at the Methodist Episcopal church, South, next Sunday will be held tonight at the following places: A. Chadwick, 226 South Conejos; Mrs. Kern, 516 West Platte; Mrs. Rider, 907 Grant; Mrs. Nolan, 805 South Cascade; William Branaum, 233 North El Paso; Mrs. Carroll, 501 East Willamette; Mrs. DeJarnett, 1436 North Weber.

PINEAPPLE AND CHERRY PIES

that are really good. They are fresh every day, too.

PHELPS

111 E. Bijou.

SOME GOOD THINGS AT THE LUXURY

Luxury Club Sandwich.....25c
Minced Chicken Sandwich.....10c
Chicken Salad..20c Beef Bouillon...10c
Clam Bouillon...10c Afternoon tea...25c

Phone M. 800. Hughes' Chocolats

Trees-Trees-Trees

Let me sell you some good ones for the tree planting district and save you money. You can make your own selections.

WM. CLARK, Nurseryman
Phone Main 2093W

Absolutely Pure Lard

Substitutes and compounds of all kinds have been tried, but nothing has yet been found to successfully replace the good, old-fashioned home-rendered lard for shortening purposes.

Our own make is open-kettle rendered and guaranteed to be absolutely pure.

55c, 90c and $1.75 for 3, 5 and 10-pound pails.

$7.50 for 50-pound container.

Sommers' Market

QUALITY MARKET GOODS
112 S. TEJON ST.
Call Main 114 or 115

Pure Pound Cake

50c lb

Pure and delicious, our pound cake will answer your requirements for a rich but not heavy cake for dessert. It is made with the same care as to purity of materials and strictest regard for cleanliness that is given to all our bakery products.

It's temptingly good. Try it.

Burgess

PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE.
112-114 N. TEJON ST.

The Craftwood Shops

Town Showrooms

19 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

INJURED MAN BETTER

The condition of Sam Miller, who was injured Monday night at a Pueblo boarding house by being struck with a glass pitcher, was improved yesterday. Miller's friends say that the injuries were inflicted by Mike Klasnjo, Peter Pavlich, Gust Kerley, and Sam Pejanovich.

FRITZ KREISLER VIOLINIST

BURNS THEATER FEB. 13
50c to $2.00

Tickets on Sale at Willet R. Willis' Salesroom, Princess Theatre Building.

Mazda Lamps

the best and most economical lamps on the market. They will pay for themselves in a short time by giving more light for less money. We sell all sizes.

Baty Electric Co.

HENRY A. ALLEN

Phone Day and Night, M. 1413

12 E. BIJOU

D. F. LAW

FUNERAL DIRECTOR
116 N. Nevada Ave. Office Phone 100

FURNITURE

Repairing, Finishing and Upholstering.
Cliff House Furniture Polish.
Made by
F. S. MacJohnstone.
Formerly with the F. S. Tucker Furniture Co.
22 East Kiowa St. Phone M. 2128.

VACUUM CLEANERS

WHITNEY ELECTRIC CO.
Phone Main **906** 208 N. Tejon

Five-Passenger Car in Fine Condition for Sale Cheap

BIG 4 AUTO CO.
15 N. Cascade. Phone 444.

TUDOR COAL CO.

All the best grades of COAL, WOOD and KINDLING. Prices always lowest.

Phone 676 116 E. Cucharas

UNUSUAL FURS

Nowhere else can you find as good value for your money. Our exclusive business and location enables us to save you 25 per cent.

EXPERT REMODELING A SPECIALTY

STAINSKY FUR CO.
5½ E. Pikes Peak Ave.
TAXIDERMY in All Its Branches

BEST LIGNITE LUMP

$4 per 2000 lbs.

Mine run, $3.00 per 2,000 lbs

THE THOMAS COAL CO.
106 E. Huerfano Phone M. 892

Mid-Week Bargain Sale

All leading Brands Creamery Butter, lb.	35¢
Unwrapped Creamery Butter, lb.	30¢
Fresh Local Eggs, per dozen	30¢
California Navel Oranges, ½ box, $1.75; box	$3.50
Any size Florida Grape Fruit, ½ box, $2.90; box	$5.75
3 lbs. Good Clean Southern Spinach	25¢
3 Large Bunches Southern Green Onions	10¢
6 Bunch New Texas Beets	25¢
Fancy California Cauliflower, lb.	12½¢
4-lb. can Monarch Pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder	1.40
Blanke's Wholesome Coffee Cereal, lb. can	20¢
3 10c cans O. K. Baking Powder	20¢
16-oz. can Batavia Baking Powder	30¢
Smoked Finnan Haddie, lb.	20¢
Our own Make Bulk Sausage, lb.	15¢
Fancy Beef Pot Roast, lb.	15¢
Our Own Make Link Sausage, lb.	17½¢
Clean Fresh Pigs Feet, 6 for	25¢
Beef Brains, per set	10¢

The Hemenway Grocery Co.

115 S. TEJON PHONE 37
1201 N. WEBER PHONE 451

Golden Rule Cash Grocery

100 pounds Fancy Western Slope Potatoes.....$1.35

2 cans F. F. O. G. corn....25¢
2 cans Punch Higrade Tomatoes for.....25¢
3 cans Hominy
3 cans Pumpkins
3 cans Kidney Beans
3 cans Empson Peas
} 95¢
A lot of High Grade California Canned Fruits, can.....15¢
4 10c pkgs. Macaroni, Spaghetti or Vermicelli....25¢
4 lbs. Best Japan Rice....25¢
4 10c pkgs. Corn Starch...25¢
4 10c High Grade Toilet Paper for.....25¢

1 doz. Fresh City or Ranch Eggs for.....30¢
7 bars Lenox Soap.....25¢
5 lbs. Bulk Starch.....25¢
2-lb. size Karo Syrup.....10¢
5-lb. size Karo Syrup.....30¢
10-lb. size Karo Syrup.....50¢
Qt. size Maple Syrup.....30¢
½-gal. size Maple Syrup.50¢
Gallon size Maple Syrup..90¢
3 lbs. Prunes.....25¢
10-lb. box of Fancy Prunes for.....$1.25
3 lbs. Evap. Peaches.....25¢
Best Creamery Butter....35¢

TRACY & STEWART

128 S. Nevada Ave. Phone 904

COLLEGES WILL OBSERVE "DAY OF PRAYER" SUNDAY

Colorado college, in keeping with the custom in many universities and colleges throughout the world, will observe next Sunday as "Day of Prayer for Colleges." There will be a special service in the morning at Perkins hall for all persons of the college community. At the vesper service in Perkins hall, at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, Dr. Slocum will preach on the subject of "Prayer." During the day there will be special meetings held by the various college classes, the Christian associations and other student organizations. The vesper service will be open to the public as usual.

Nite 7:30 p. m. Mat. 2:45

Opera House VAUDEVILLE

THREE SHOWS DAILY

6 CIG FEATURES 5

LAST DAY OF CAPT. RICKARD'S TRAINED SEA LIONS

ENTIRE NEW BILL OPENING THURSDAY MATINEE

PRICES

	Mat.	Night.
Lower floor	20c	30c
Balcony	10c	20c
Gallery	10c	10c

GET THE TWICE-A-WEEK HABIT

D. W. SMITH

Would like to supply you with your bread every day.

We consider, as also do many of our customers, that it is needless for them to bake, when they can buy such good bread for the reasonable price we sell it.

3 ten-cent loaves for	.25
6 five-cent loaves for	.25
12 Scotch Scones	.15
2 cans Scotch Kip. Herring	.45
1 jar Dundee Marmalade	.25
20 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00
1 cake Scotch Short Bread	.25
1 lb. Orange Pekoe Tea (fancy)	.60

FAMILY GROCER

Phone Main 151. 717 N. Weber St.

Santa Fe

St. Louis

Round Trip

$36.20

JANUARY 31 TO FEBRUARY 8, INCLUSIVE
LIMIT FEBRUARY 17

Leave Colorado Springs 12:25 noon, Arrive St. Louis Next Day at 5:30 p. m.

Round Trip Rate, Denver, February 12, Account Lincoln Day Banquet $2.25

Return Limit February 14

C. C. HOYT, C. P. A.,
118 E. Pikes Peak.

TONIGHT! THE INCOMPARABLE

Dr. Woods Hutchinson

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

SUBJECT

"The Aristocracy Myth"

SEATS AT WHITNEY & GRIMWOOD'S AND THE Y. W. C. A.

A Message of Contentment

The family may not have cared much for bread before, or they may have insisted on bread of your own baking.

But try them on Pan-Dandy, and see how they'll take to its pure, wholesome, delicious flavor.

Pan-Dandy Bread

Pan-Dandy 5c Big-Dandy 10c

Pan-Dandy made of selected flour, mixed with tested milk, baked in modern ovens, has a "good-to-the-last-crumb" taste that no other bread equals.

You can prove this by getting just one loaf from your grocer.

And you'll appreciate the proof.

Star Bakery Co.

PIANO BARGAIN WEEK

GOOD UPRIGHTS.....$100.00
($5.00 per month.)
OTHERS.....$115, $125, $150, etc.

The Knight-Campbell Music Co.
122 N. Tejon St. (Just Above Burger)

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Colorado Springs National Bank

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SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

THE EL PASO NATIONAL BANK

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SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....[illegible]
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Surplus.....$[illegible]
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★ Established in 1871, With the Town

Announcement

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Has

Returned From California

AND WILL BE GLAD TO SEE ALL HIS OLD FRIENDS AT OUR OFFICE.

WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT

GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 E. PIKES PEAK AVE.
INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, LOANS.

For Particular People

A Just So House

YOU WOULDN'T KNOW HOW TO BETTER IT
HANDSOME EXTERIOR
BEAUTIFUL ROOMS
THE PERFECTION OF PLUMBING
IDEAL HEAT
A HOUSE FOR THE CAR
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